

Descendants of John MAYOR

First Generation

1. **John MAYOR** was born¹ about 1670. He died² in 1725.

The Randall/Mayor Pedigree Chart calls this first recorded Mayor, John Mayor of Bishopsgate, London.

John married³ **Mary** about 1695. Mary was born⁴ about 1675. She died⁵ after 1735.

They had the following children:

- + 2 M i. **John MAYOR** was born in 1700. He died in Apr 1743.
- 3 M ii. **Joseph MAYOR** was born⁶ about 1698. He died⁷ after 1743.
Joseph married⁸ **Sarah** about 1725. Sarah was born⁹ about 1703.

Second Generation

2. **John MAYOR** (John) was born in 1700. He died in Apr 1743.

John Mayor Esquire of Old Bethlehem, near Bishopsgate London, and afterwards of Upminster Essex and Little Moorefields London was a brassfounder. His will was proved on 6 April 1743. (Margaret Stuart Herriott's Pedigree Charts.) He had 3 sons and 4 daughters although only one daughter Mary is named on the Pedegree Chart.

John married **Mary DAVIS** daughter of Robert DAVIS and Mary HALE about 1725. Mary was born¹⁰ in 1700. She died¹¹ on 8 Jun 1763. She was buried¹² in Bunhill Fields, London.

They had the following children:

- + 4 Fi. **Mary MAYOR** was born on 28 Aug 1731. She died in 1818.
- 5 M ii. **John MAYOR** was born¹³ on 9 Dec 1732. He died¹⁴ on 23 Sep 1817.
He was buried¹⁵ on 27 Sep 1817 in St. Mary's, Shawbury, Salop, England.

John Mayor was married to an unknown woman before his marriage to Mary Dickinson who was the daughter of Samuel Dickinson Esq. John was Member of Parliament for Berkshire and lived at Overton in the County of Flint for 11 years.

The dates given in Margaret Stuart Herriot's large book for John Mayor's birth and death are slightly different to those given on the Randall Pedigree Chart. She shows his birth on 20 Dec 1732 and his death in his 85th year on 28th Sep 1817.

John married **Mary DICKINSON** before 1770. Mary was born¹⁶ in 1754.

She died¹⁷ on 3 Aug 1818 in Shrewsbury. She was buried¹⁸ on 6 Aug 1818 in St. Mary's, Shrewsbury, Salop, England.

Mary Dickinson was John Mayor's second wife and they had no children. Margaret Stuart Herriot's large book says she died at Shrewsbury and was buried in St. Mary's Churchyard, also the National Burial Index for England & Wales says St. Mary's Shrewsbury. Mary Dickenson was the daughter of Samuel Dickinson Esquire.

6 M iii. **Joseph MAYOR**¹⁹ was born²⁰ on 29 Sep 1734. He died²¹ on 3 Aug 1758. He was buried²² in Bunhill Fields, London.

Joseph Mayor Esquire is described in the Randall Pedigree Charts as Joseph Mayor of South Bornfleet Hall, Essex.

His wife was Mary (Tabor or Tabord). She died on 19 Feb 1813 and, like Joseph, is buried at Bunhill Fields, London, on the City Road leading to Islington.

Joseph and Mary had one daughter who died young. It seems that Joseph probably died not long after he married Mary. (Joan Beatty (Craymer).

Joseph married **Mary TABOR**²³ about 1756. Mary was born²⁴ about 1735. She died²⁵ on 19 Feb 1813. She was buried²⁶ in Bunhill Fields, London.

Mary, wife of Joseph Mayor is not given a family name on the Randall Pedigree Chart, however Margaret Stuart Herriot's large book shows her name as Mary Tabord (although I can not be absolutely sure about the first letter being T) Joan Beatty (Craymer).

+ 7 M iv. **Thomas MAYOR** was born on 17 Jul 1736. He died on 14 Mar 1768.

Third Generation

4. **Mary MAYOR** (John, John) was born²⁷ on 28 Aug 1731. She died²⁸ in 1818.

Mary Mayor was married to Sir James Esdaile who was Lord Mayor of London in 1778. They had 4 children.

(Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall's Pedigree Chart)

The following information about Mary Mayor came from John Easdale of Scotland who has written a book on the Esdaile Family Name:-

Mary Mayor was the second wife of Sir John Esdaile. The name of her mother is given as Sarah Clenoe of the family of Chesterfield Steven. (The Randall Pedigree Chart gives the name of her mother as Mary Davis decendent of Sir Matthew Hale. I favour this information because of other Hale information, including pictures Margaret Stuart Herriot referred to and the book written by Sir Matthew Hale that I have in my possession - Joan Craymer.)

Mary was born on 28th August 1731 and was only 17 years old when she married Sir James in St. Paul's Cathedral in 1748. She took on the four motherless children of Sir Jame's first marriage to Elizabeth Pate. Mary and James had five children of their own and she was said to have risen to every private and public occasion. With her husband's success her public duties must have been many. Sir James was knighted on 8th October 1766. Politically he was a Tory and supported the Court Party during the American War. He was Alderman of Crippelgate Ward from 1767 to 1793 and Sheriff from 1766 to 1767.

Sir James was Collector of Orphan's Coal Duties from 1768 to 1789 and Lord Mayor of London from 1777 to 1778, and he was a Fellow of the Society of Antiquaries.

Mary Mayor's family was a Channel Island origin, and the name has several forms: Mauger, Manger, Mayor (pronounced Major); Its origin is Norman and the shield was confirmed in England by Sir William Segar, Garter King of Arms (Died 1633) to John Mayor of Southampton, descended from Sir Marius Mayor who fought in the wars of Henry V11 and V111. John Mayor of Southampton hailed from "Hanway in the Island of Jersey".

This information about Mary Mayor's family is repeated in Margaret Stuart Herriot's Journal which begins with a description of Coat of Arms of the Mayor Family:-

College of Arms London E.C. Transcribed below are the exact words of the docket of the grant dated June 15th 1628. "G. an anchor erect in pale A on a chief O. Three roses of the first Crest out of a wreath, a grey hound's head G collared O. To John Mayor of Southampton descended out of ye Parish of Hanway in ye Isle of Jersey from Sir Marius Mayor of Mager who flourished in ye time of Henry V11 and V111 and served in the wars of the first of those kings." There is a copy of the arms with the name Robert B. Mayor pasted in the journal and the statement that these armorial bearings are to this day borne by a family in Jersey.

Mary married **Sir James ESDAILE** on 29 Nov 1748 in St. Paul's Cathedral, London. James was born about 1725.

James Esdaile (Sir) was born in 1715, possibly in the London area. His father was Peter Esdaile (born 1693) and his mother possibly Peter's first wife Katherine who he married in 1713. James married Elizabeth Pate before 1740 and his second wife was Mary Mayor who he married at St. Paul's Cathedral on 29th November 1748. John Easdale of Scotland in The Esdaile Family Name.

James and Mary had the following children:

- 8 M i. **James ESDAILE**²⁹ was born³⁰ on 1 Jan 1753. He died³¹ on 16 Jan 1812. He was buried³² in Upminster, England.

James Esdaile of New Place, Upminster, Essex was born on 1st January 1753, the first son of Sir James Esdaile and his second wife Mary Mayor. He married Susannah/ Lucy Hadfield on 28th February 1775 at Manchester, Lancs. James died on 16th January 1812 and was buried at Upminster [

James married³⁴ **Susannah Lucy HADFIELD**³³ on 28 Feb 1775 in Manchester, Lancs. England. Susannah was born³⁵ on 5 Apr 1752 in Manchester, , England. She died³⁶ on 25 Nov 1818 in Brighton, Sussex, England.

- 9 M ii. **Sir Joseph ESDAILE**³⁷ was born³⁸ on 25 Jan 1754 in , , England. He died³⁹ on 15 Apr 1835 in Jenner's Hill, Cheshunt, England. He was buried⁴⁰ in Vault of the Chapel of Upminster Church, England.

Joseph married⁴² **Pricilla Penelope WILKINSON**⁴¹ on 9 Nov 1790 in St. Mary's Marylebone Road, St. Marylebone, Middlesex, England. Pricilla was born in 1770 in , , England. She was christened⁴³ on 15 Jul 1770 in St.

Marylebone, England. She died⁴⁴ in 1826 in Chelmsford, Essex, England. She was buried⁴⁵ in Upminster, England.

- 10 Fiii. **Mary ESDAILE**⁴⁶ was born⁴⁷ on 2 May 1755 in , , England. She died⁴⁸ on 2 Aug 1802 in Fulham, Middlesex, England. She was buried⁴⁹ in Upminster, England.

Mary married⁵¹ **George STUBBS**⁵⁰ on 7 Aug 1777 in Upminster, England. George was born⁵² about 1738. He died⁵³ on 19 Aug 1808. He was buried⁵⁴ in Upminster, England.

- 11 M iv. **William ESDAILE**⁵⁵ was born⁵⁶ on 6 Feb 1758. He died⁵⁷ on 2 Oct 1837 in Clapham, Wandsworth, London, England. He was buried⁵⁸ in Bunhill Fields, London, England.

William married **Elizabeth JEFFRIES**⁵⁹ on 16 Mar 1784 in St. Thomas' Southwark, Surrey, England. Elizabeth was born⁶⁰ about 1752. She died⁶¹ on 25 Nov 1811. She was buried⁶² in Bunhill Fields, London, England.

- 12 M v. **John ESDAILE**⁶³ was born⁶⁴ on 13 Dec 1759. He died⁶⁵ on 17 Nov 1817 in Montague St., Middlesex, England.

John married⁶⁷ **Mary HUMPHRIES**⁶⁶ on 26 Apr 1791 in St. James, Bath, Somerset, England. Mary was born about 1766. She died⁶⁸ on 20 Oct 1841 in Ebelsberg, Austria.

7. **Thomas MAYOR**⁶⁹ (John, John) was born⁷⁰ on 17 Jul 1736 in London, , England. He died⁷¹ on 14 Mar 1768. He was buried⁷² in Bunhill Fields, London, England.

Called Thomas Mayor Esquire of Upminster, Essex and 30, Little Moorefields, London.

Thomas married⁷⁴ **Jane ELLIS**⁷³ daughter of Rees ELLIS Esq. and Sarah WILLIAMS on 20 Mar 1754 in St. George's Chapel, Mayfair, London, England. Jane was born⁷⁵ in 1730. She died⁷⁶ on 24 Dec 1796. She was buried⁷⁷ in Bunhill Fields England.

Jane Ellis was a schoolfellow of Ann Bretland who married Dr. John Hollings. She was called Jane Ellis of Dolgelly. Margaret Stuart Herriot's large book.

Thomas and Jane had the following children:

- + 13 M i. **Rev John MAYOR B.A.** was born on 5 Apr 1755. He died on 22 May 1826.
- 14 Fii. **Elizabeth MAYOR**⁷⁸ was born⁷⁹ on 3 Feb 1760. She died⁸⁰ on 14

Jun 1767. She was buried⁸¹ in Bunhill Fields, London.

- + 15 Fiii. **Mary MAYOR** was born on 3 Sep 1761. She died in 1836.
- + 16 Fiv. **Sarah MAYOR** was born on 22 Apr 1763. She died on 15 Apr 1800.
- + 17 M v. **Joseph Henry MAYOR** was born on 11 May 1766. He died in 1841.
- 18 Fvi. **Ann MAYOR**⁸² was born⁸³ on 8 Oct 1767. She died⁸⁴ on 8 Mar 1797. She was buried⁸⁵ in St. Benet's, Cambridge, England.

Anne Mayor (Mrs. Edward Randall) was married to the youngest son of Dr. John Randall, Professor of Music at Cambridge University. She and her sister Sarah who was married to Edward Randall's brother William are the ladies whose names are mentioned on the heading of the Pedigree Chart - Table 11, sent to Thelma Herriot by Margaret Stuart Herriot in 1936.

Ann married **Edward RANDALL Esquire** about 1787. Edward was born about 1765.

Fourth Generation

13. **Rev John MAYOR B.A.** (Thomas, John, John) was born on 5 Apr 1755 in Dolgelly, Merionethshire, Wales. He died on 22 May 1826 in Shawbury, , England. He was buried⁸⁶ on 30 May 1826 in St Marys Shawbury, Shropshire, England.

Deposition of the Rev. John Mayor of Shawbury:

"I JOHN MAYOR was born at Dolgelly in Merionethshire April 5th 1755. My father was Thomas Mayor, youngest surviving son of John Mayor of Old Bethlehem near Bishopsgate in the City of London. I believe afterwards of Little Moorfields in the same city, brassfounder, and of Mary his wife who was daughter of Davis Esq. of Stanton Court in Herefordshire by Mary, grand daughter of Sir Matthew Hale Kt. , Lord Chief Justice of England. My father died March 11th 1768 and is buried in Bunhill Fields Burying Ground in the city road leading to Islington.

March 4th 1774 I entered Worcester College Oxford; was ordained Deacon there June 14th 1778 on Mr. Spences of Bradford's title to Wingfield near Bath. Served it a short time, removed to Olney, for a short time served Clifton and Hardmead. Served Carshalton about three months the beginning of the year 1779 then removed to Beetunham. I was ordained Priest at Westminster on Mr. Rose's title Sept. 29th 1779 where I had some blessed seals to my ministry and violent opposition which ended in my quitting the curacy in a years time, Michaelmas 1780, served Everton for Mr. Berridge three months, removed to Shawbury April 11th 1781 preached my first sermon after I came to settle (for I had been here the latter end of 1780) preached one sermon (after serving Rowley for Mr. Steavenson 4th Sunday) on Good Friday April 4th 1781. I was instituted to my living Oct. 22nd 1781.

Married Miss Ann Hollings June 7th 1782. She was the eldest daughter of John Hollings of Eaton Mascot and Shewsbury who died June 11th 1780 at Moele and was buried at St. Chad's Shrewsbury and of Ann his wife who was the daughter of Tobias Bretland Esq. formerly of Thorncliffe in the County of Chester. There is a monument for her (Ann Butland Hollings) in one of the churches in Nottingham. My wife was born Nov 26th 1763 as appears by her diary at Patterton Derbyshire. She bore me 7 children. My dear

and pious wife died after a long illness of a slow decline at Shawbury Sept. 11th 1792 aged 28 years and 10 months. She was universally esteemed and beloved and died lamented by all who knew her. May my last end be like hers. On May 7th 1795, I was married at St. Mary's Shawbury to Sarah, eldest daughter of the late Rev. William Porter of Chesham in the County of Bucks., and of Sarah his wife who was the daughter of Mr. John Lowther of Cannon Street, London, apothecary. She bore me William Porter 25th March 1796, died Oct. 22nd 1796 at Shawbury - Sarah Porter born 19th Aug. 1798 - William Henry born July 28th 1800."

"It is said that Rev. John Mayor was a great preacher and he was one of John Wesley's well known adherents and a leader of the Nonconformist Revival. He was stirring up the Shrewsbury neighbourhood when Wesley was busy in Devon. You will find his name in any listing of the Revival." Margaret Stuart Herriot's loose notes to Thelma Elsie Herriot.

John Wesley with his brother Charles were the founders of the Methodist Church. They were both clergymen of the Anglican Church. It could have been late in the ministry of John Wesley that Rev. John Mayor was a follower as John Wesley died in 1791 about ten years after John Mayor's ministry began.

Wesley's Evangelical Revival movement in Protestant Christianity emphasised personal faith and practical good. John Wesley and his brother preached in the open air and this "field preaching" became characteristic of Methodism, drawing large crowds. In carrying out his evangelical mission John Wesley travelled about 400,000 kilometres and preached over 40,000 sermons. Methodism originated as a movement with groups of students at Oxford University in the late 1720's. They helped each other to be disciplined and methodical in their study, spiritual devotions and practical good works. (World Book Encyclopedia)

Perhaps this movement remained strong and influenced John Mayor during his time there in the mid 1770's.

Epitaph to the Rev. John Mayor in Shawbury Churchyard.

Sacred to the memory of John Mayor B.A. Died May 22nd 1826 aged 71. He was Vicar of this Parish nearly 45 years. "Remember those that have the rule over you." Heb. X111 - 7

Margaret Stuart Herriot wrote in her loose notes to Thelma, "Three or 4 years ago I went with a cousin, Mrs. Charlesworth to look up the places associated with the Mayor family. On going to Shawbury we looked for the great grandfather's grave and after a long search in the churchyard (in showery weather) we came to an old Aunt's grave with that of her husband a doctor at Shawbury (of whom I had often heard my mother speak), and then close to theirs was a huge stone monument overlaid with long ivy which we proceeded to tear down. On giving the keys to the church and church yard back to the caretaker we could not help remarking to him about the state of a former vicar's grave who had been there for 45 years and I said one of the leaders of the Evangelical Revival. Another relative going there some little time afterwards found the ivy all gone and the lettering easy for all to read!"

When I, Joan (Beatty) Craymer and my husband Alan went there in 1981 the whole churchyard was overgrown and we could not find any of the family graves at all. It was however, very moving to stand inside the little church where my grandfather's great grandfather had preached before Australia was settled by Britain and to see his name on a long list of vicars going back to the 12th or 13th century. It gave me the most wonderful sense of the continuity of Faith and family - I almost felt goosebumps!

John married (1) **Ann HOLLINGS** daughter of Dr. John HOLLINGS and Ann BUTLAND on 7 Jun 1782 in St Marys Shawbury, England. Ann was born on 26 Nov 1763 in Patterton, Derbyshire, England. She died on 11 Sep 1792 in Shawbury, England. She was buried in St Marys Shawbury, England.

Ann Hollings was the daughter of John Hollings of Eaton Mascot and Shrewsbury and his wife Ann who

was the daughter of Tobias Bretland Esq. formerly of Thorncliffe in the County of Chester. There is a monument for her in one of the churches in Nottingham. Her diary shows she was born at Patterton Derbyshire. She and her husband Rev. John Mayor had 7 children and he writes of her in his "Deposition";

"My dear and pious wife died after a long illness of a decline at Shawbury Sept. 11th 1792 aged 28 years and 10 months. She was universally esteemed and beloved and died lamented by all who knew her. May my last end be like hers."

Epitaph to Mrs. John Mayor in Shawbury Churchyard;

Here lies the body of Mrs. Ann Mayor wife of the Rev. John Mayor vicar of this parish; daughter of the late John Hollings Esq. of Shrewsbury. Died Sept. 11th 1792 aged 28. She was one of those rare characters, whose conduct uniformly declares

"What sinners value I resign" etc.
"This life's a dream an empty show" etc.
Reader is thine so?

This information comes mainly from the "Deposition" written by Rev. John Mayor and sent to Thelma Herriot by Margaret Stuart Herriot. When Joan and Alan Craymer visited Shawbury Church in 1981 the burial grounds were so overgrown this grave and that of Rev. John Mayor could not be found. Margaret Stuart Herriot had previously been to find the graves many decades before and found the same.

John and Ann had the following children:

- 19 Fi. **Jane MAYOR** was born on 9 Apr 1783 in , , England. She died on 11 Dec 1831 in , , England. She was buried⁸⁷ in Brace Moele.
- + 20 M ii. **John Hollings MAYOR** was born on 27 May 1785. He died on 1 Jul 1827.
- + 21 M iii. **Thomas MAYOR** was born on 30 Aug 1787. He died on 17 Oct 1825.
- + 22 M iv. **Rev. Joseph MAYOR** was born on 4 Sep 1788. He died on 19 Apr 1860.
- 23 Fv. **Ann MAYOR** was born on 11 Jan 1790 in , , England. She died in 1870.
- + 24 M vi. **Rev. Robert MAYOR** was born on 6 Feb 1791. He died on 14 Jul 1846.
- + 25 Fvii. **Mary MAYOR** was born on 25 Apr 1792. She died on 9 Jan 1836.

John married (2) **Sarah PORTER** on 7 May 1795 in Shawbury, England. Sarah was born about 1765.

Sarah Porter was the eldest daughter of Rev. William Porter of Chesham in the County of Bucks., and of

Sarah Lowther his wife, daughter of Mr. John Lowther of Cannon Street London who was an Apothecary. "Deposition" of Rev. John Mayor.

John and Sarah had the following children:

26 M viii. **William Porter MAYOR** was born in Mar 1796 in Shawbury, , England. He died on 22 Oct 1796 in Shawbury, , England.

27 Fix. **Sarah MAYOR** was born⁸⁸ on 9 Aug 1798 in Shawbury, , England. She died⁸⁹ on 15 Oct 1878. She was buried⁹⁰ in St. Marys, Shawbury, England.

There is an epitaph in the churchyard of St. Mary's Shawbury to Sarah Mayor Drury and her husband;

Sacred to the memory of Thomas Drury, Surgeon who departed this life Nov. 21st 1863 aged 77 years. "I am the Resurrection and the Life." St. John X1:25

Also of Sarah Drury widow of Thomas Drury and daughter of the late Rev. John Mayor, Vicar of the Parish, who died October 15th 1878, aged 80 years. "Whosoever liveth and believeth in me shall never die." St. John X1:26

Sarah married **Dr. Thomas DRURY** on 27 Jan 1820. Thomas was born⁹¹ in 1786. He died⁹² on 21 Nov 1863. He was buried⁹³ in St. Marys, Shawbury, England.

28 M x. **William Henry MAYOR** was born on 28 Jul 1800 in Shawbury, , England. He died on 17 Feb 1879 in Bermuda.

William Henry Mayor and his wife Mary Fowle of Bermuda had 7 children. I do have the names of these 7 children and some of their children and grandchildren in Margaret Stuart Herriot's charts. (Joan Beatty (Craymer) William Henry died in Bermuda.

William married **Mary FOWLE** about 1825. Mary was born about 1800.

15. **Mary MAYOR**⁹⁴ (Thomas, John, John) was born⁹⁵ on 3 Sep 1761. She died⁹⁶ in 1836 in , , England.

Mary married⁹⁷ **Joseph HALL Esquire** on 2 Nov 1780 in St. Giles, Cripplegate, London, England. Joseph was born⁹⁸ about 1754 in Bristol, Gloucestershire, England. He was christened⁹⁹ on 23 Jul 1754. He died¹⁰⁰ in 1822 in , , England.

There is some conflict in the two sources of information about the family of Joseph Hall of Bristol and his wife Mary Mayor. Margaret Stuart Herriot shows a daughter called Emma Hall and does not show a son called Charles Mayor Hall, while the information submitted to the International Genealogical Index does not list Emma and includes Charles Mayor Hall. The IGI information is shown as having been submitted by Graeme John Hall of 12/174A Clarke Street, Northcote 3070, Melbourne, Australia (Submission No. AF91-105053) and also Ian William Anderson of 14 Patsy Flat Road, Smiths Lake NSW, 2428, Australia. (Submission No. AF93-105296) Joseph Hall's father was John Hall and his mother Hannah Abbot

Joseph and Mary had the following children:

- 29 Fi. **Mary Anne HALL** was born¹⁰¹ in 1781 in , , England. She was christened¹⁰² on 16 Sep 1781 in Bristol, Avon, England. Mary married¹⁰³ **Nathan SMITH** about 1903. Nathan was born¹⁰⁴ about 1776.
- 30 M ii. **Thomas Mayor HALL** was born¹⁰⁵ in 1782 in Bristol, Avon, England. He was christened¹⁰⁶ on 15 Dec 1782 in Lewinsmead Pres.,Bristol, Avon, England.
- 31 M iii. **Henry HALL** was born¹⁰⁷ about 1783 in Bristol, Avon, England. He was christened¹⁰⁸ on 25 Aug 1784 in Lewinsmead Pres.,Bristol, Avon, England.
- 32 M iv. **Charles Mayor HALL** was born¹⁰⁹ about 1785 in Bristol, Avon, England. He was christened¹¹⁰ on 2 Apr 1786 in Lewinsmead Pres.,Bristol, Avon, England.
- 33 Fv. **Emma HALL** was born¹¹¹ about 1787.
- 34 M vi. **Joseph HALL** was born¹¹² on 18 Oct 1789 in Bristol, Avon, England. He was christened¹¹³ on 18 Oct 1789 in Lewinsmead Pres.,Bristol, Avon, England. He died¹¹⁴ on 5 Nov 1858 in , Victoria, Australia. He was buried¹¹⁵ in , Victoria, Australia.
- 35 Fvii. **Julia HALL** was born¹¹⁶ about 1890.
- 36 M viii. **Frank Mayor HALL** was born¹¹⁷ in 1791 in Bristol, Avon, England. He was christened¹¹⁸ on 25 Aug 1791 in Lewinsmead Pres.,Bristol, Avon, England.
- 37 Fix. **Louisa HALL** was born¹¹⁹ in 1793 in Bristol, Avon, England. She was christened¹²⁰ on 13 Jan 1793.

Joseph Hall married Elizabeth Bramwell at St. James, Paddington, London, England on 20th February 1817. From information submitted to the International Genealogical Index by Graeme John Hall of Melbourne Australia and Ian William Anderson of Smiths Lake Australia.

Louisa Hall's husband was called Mr. George Thwaites of Bristol. They had a bachelor son who was a Professor of Botany in Ceylon. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Book. There is a record of a note written by Susanna Mayor, (probably her cousin, youngest daughter of her mother's brother Joseph Henry Mayor). "Louisa was a sweet clever pious woman and very kind to our Ann when she sojourned at Clifton painting miniatures

and afterwards wrote her beautiful long letters. Margaret Stuart Herriot has recorded this below the names of Louisa Hall and her brothers and sisters so it seems likely that it refers to her. I wonder if she painted the charming miniature of her aunt Anne Hollings (Mayor)? Joan Beatty (Craymer).

Louisa married¹²¹ **George THWAITES** about 1795. George was born¹²² about 1790.

- 38 Fx. **Clara Ann HALL** was born¹²³ in 1801 in Bristol, Avon, England. She was christened¹²⁴ on 26 Mar 1801.

Clara Hall's husband was called Dr. Staniland of Fareham and afterwards of Leeds and they had several children. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Book.

Clara married¹²⁵ **Dr. STANILAND** about 1825. Dr. was born¹²⁶ about 1785.

- 39 Fxi. **Elizabeth Mayor HALL** was born¹²⁷ in 1803 in Bristol, Avon, England. She was christened¹²⁸ on 7 Jun 1803 in Lewinsmead Pres., Bristol, Avon, England.

Elizabeth Hall's husband is described as Mr. Johnson, Merchant, of Liverpool in Margaret Stewart Herriot's Book.

Elizabeth married¹²⁹ **Mr. JOHNSON** about 1825. Mr. Johnson was born¹³⁰ about 1800.

16. **Sarah MAYOR**¹³¹ (Thomas, John, John) was born¹³² on 22 Apr 1763. She died¹³³ on 15 Apr 1800. She was buried¹³⁴ in Southampton, England.

Sarah Mayor and her sister Ann are the people whose names are printed in the Title of the Pedigree Table sent to Thelma Elsie Herriot by her Aunt, Margaret Stuart Herriot. The Herriot branch of the family are descended from their older brother Rev. John Mayor.

Sarah Mayor and William Randall were married at St. Giles Church, Cripplegate, London. It appears she may have been his third wife. Margaret Stuart Herriot has written "by his third wife" above the names of the row of their six children in her pedigree book

Sarah Mayor (Randall) is buried at St. Mary's Church, Southampton.

Sarah married¹³⁶ **William RANDALL**¹³⁵ on 23 Jun 1785 in Cripplegate, London, England. William was born about 1760.

William Randall Esquire of Fareham, Hants, England was the second surviving son of Dr. John Randall who was Professor of Music at Cambridge University. Margaret Stuart Herriot writes in her notes that he was Chemist to the Queen (Queen Victoria presumably).

William and Sarah had the following children:

- 40 M i. **John RANDALL** was born¹³⁷ about 1786.
- 41 Fii. **Jane RANDALL** was born¹³⁸ about 1787.
- + 42 M iii. **Edward Mayor RANDALL** was born about 1789.
- 43 Fiv. **Elizabeth RANDALL** was born¹³⁹ about 1790.
- 44 M v. **Alfred Mayor RANDALL** was born¹⁴⁰ about 1791.

Alfred married¹⁴¹ **Sarah CLAYTON** about 1815. Sarah was born¹⁴² about 1792.

- 45 Fvi. **Mary Ann RANDALL** was born¹⁴³ about 1793.

Mary Ann Randall married Rev. (looks like) Prust.

17. **Joseph Henry MAYOR**¹⁴⁴ (Thomas, John, John) was born¹⁴⁵ on 11 May 1766. He died¹⁴⁶ in 1841.

Joseph married **Mary Grace LISTER**¹⁴⁷ in Oct 1787. Mary was born¹⁴⁸ about 1768.

Mary Grace Lister was the daughter of --- Lister Esq. who was a Solicitor. Her grandfather was also a Lawyer. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Book.

Joseph and Mary had the following children:

- 46 M i. **Thomas MAYOR** was born¹⁴⁹ in 1788. He died¹⁵⁰ about 1788.
- 47 M ii. **John MAYOR** was born¹⁵¹ in 1789. He died¹⁵² about 1789.
- 48 Fiii. **Mary MAYOR** was born¹⁵³ in 1790. She died¹⁵⁴ in 1818.
- 49 M iv. **Henry MAYOR** was born¹⁵⁵ in 1792. He died¹⁵⁶ in 1869.
- 50 M v. **Edward MAYOR** was born¹⁵⁷ about 1793. He died¹⁵⁸ about 1793.
- 51 Fvi. **Celia MAYOR** was born¹⁵⁹ in 1791. She died¹⁶⁰ in 1871.
- 52 M vii. **Alfred MAYOR** was born¹⁶¹ about 1796.
- 53 M viii. **Edwin MAYOR** was born¹⁶² about 1797. He died¹⁶³ in 1799 in Southampton, England.
- 54 ix. **Jesse MAYOR** was born¹⁶⁴ about 1798. Jesse died¹⁶⁵ in 1798.

- 55 Fx. **Ann Elizabeth MAYOR** was born¹⁶⁶ on 14 Nov 1799. She died¹⁶⁷ on 14 Nov 1884.
- 56 Fxi. **Jane MAYOR** was born¹⁶⁸ on 27 Nov 1801. She died¹⁶⁹ in 1848.
- 57 Fxii. **Joanna MAYOR** was born¹⁷⁰ on 7 Aug 1803. She died¹⁷¹ in 1817.
- 58 Fxiii. **Susannah MAYOR** was born¹⁷² on 30 Jun 1805. She died¹⁷³ on 5 Mar 1895.

This is probably the Susannah Mayor who wrote that Louisa Hall (her cousin) was "A sweet clever and pious woman who was very kind to our Ann (perhaps Susannah's older sister Ann Elizabeth Mayor). Joan Beatty (Craymer).

Fifth Generation

20. **John Hollings MAYOR** (John, Thomas, John, John) was born on 27 May 1785 in , , England. He died on 1 Jul 1827.

He was named in his uncle John Butland Hollings's will in the event that his two daughters died without issue.

John Hollings Mayor was the eldest son of the Rev. John Mayor of Shawbury and went to school at Shrewsbury School. He was sent to sea at sixteen. At Chelsea in 1815 he married Ellen Tomlinson who was the daughter of Lieutenant Philip Tomlinson R.N. and they lived at Oswestry before going to Liverpool in 1817. Afterwards they were at Saxilby and Collingham (near Lincoln), Hockley and at Benfleet (South Benfleet) near the mouth of the River Thames in 1823. At Benfleet he attended to regulated schools - this perhaps means that he trained men for naval service. John Hollings Mayor then went to Portsmouth to join his ship the Revenge on which he was First Lieutenant. On 1st July 1827 he died from pneumonia at Haslar Hospital and was buried at Alverstoke Churchyard, Stoke. His widow went to Billericay north east of London and later to London. John and Ellen's seventh child Mary Alicia was born at Billericay in the year her father died.

- John married **Ellen TOMLINSON** in 1815. Ellen was born on 24 Nov 1794 in , , England. She died on 15 Jun 1840.

In her relatively short life of nearly forty six years Ellen Tomlinson who married John Hollings Mayor had much sorrow. She was widowed at thirty three years old after twelve years of marriage and seven children, and only two of those children outlived her. After her husband died she went to Billericay which is where Maria Alicia was born, probably after the death of her father, and later to London. Mary Alicia was adopted by Miss Willes and died ten years later. Ellen died on 15th June 1840 after an illness of five days.

John and Ellen had the following children:

- 59 Fi. **Jane Ellen MAYOR**¹⁷⁴ was born¹⁷⁵ on 6 Jan 1815 in Oswestry, , England. She died¹⁷⁶ on 2 Apr 1836. She was buried¹⁷⁷ in New Church, Camberwell, England.

- 60 Fii. **Harriet MAYOR**¹⁷⁸ was born¹⁷⁹ on 15 Aug 1819 in , , England. She died¹⁸⁰ in 1839. She was buried¹⁸¹ in New Church, Camberwell, England.
- 61 Fiii. **Martha Ann MAYOR**¹⁸² was born¹⁸³ on 26 Feb 1818 in Parish of St. Andrew's, Liverpool, , England. She died¹⁸⁴ on 9 Jan 1843. She was buried¹⁸⁵ in New Church, Camberwell, England.
- 62 M iv. **John Hollings MAYOR**¹⁸⁶ was born¹⁸⁷ in Jul 1821 in Saxilby, County of Lincoln, England. He was christened¹⁸⁸ in Collingham, , England. He died¹⁸⁹ on 1 Jan 1839. He was buried¹⁹⁰ in New Church, Camberwell, England.
- 63 Fv. **Lucy Maria MAYOR**¹⁹¹ was born¹⁹² on 6 Feb 1823 in South Benfleet, Essex, England. She was christened¹⁹³ in Rayleigh, , England. She died¹⁹⁴ on 1 Aug 1850.
- 64 Fvi. **Emma MAYOR**¹⁹⁵ was born¹⁹⁶ on 24 Nov 1825 in Hockley, , England. She died on 16 Feb 1892. She was buried¹⁹⁷ in Churchyard at Kenilworth.
- 65 Fvii. **Mary Alicia MAYOR**¹⁹⁸ was born¹⁹⁹ in 1827 in Billericay, , England. She died²⁰⁰ in Apr 1838. She was buried²⁰¹ in Mortlake, , England.

John and Ellen Mayor's seventh child Mary Alicia was born at Billericay in the year her father died. With six other children to look after and the youngest not yet two years old, it appears Ellen must have felt the new baby would have a better life by allowing her to be adopted. Mary Alicia was adopted by a Miss Willes and when she died at the age of ten she was buried in her vault at Mortlake.

21. **Thomas MAYOR** (John, Thomas, John, John) was born on 30 Aug 1787 in , , England. He died on 17 Oct 1825.

Thomas Mayor was the second son of Rev. John Mayor, Vicar of Shawbury. He married Mary Martin on 18th April 1813 and they had six children. When Thomas died at Milton near Gravesend on 16th October 1825 aged 38 there were three surviving children.

Thomas married **Mary MARTIN** on 18 Apr 1813. Mary was born about 1790.

They had the following children:

- 66 M i. **John MAYOR**²⁰² was born²⁰³ on 3 Dec 1814. He died²⁰⁴ about 1814.
- + 67 M ii. **Thomas Martin MAYOR** was born on 6 Feb 1816. He died in 1886.

68 Fiii. **Mary Ann MAYOR**²⁰⁵ was born²⁰⁶ on 12 Jan 1818 in Pont de Briques?, Bologne. She died²⁰⁷ on 9 Jan 1825.

69 Fiv. **Jane MAYOR**²⁰⁸ was born²⁰⁹ on 27 Jan 1819 in Windsor, , England. She died²¹⁰ on 20 Dec 1846 in Dungannon, Ireland. She was buried²¹¹ in Family Vault of Edward Evans at Killyman.

Jane Mayor was described in Margaret Stuart Herriot's book as "A lovely Christian young woman much valued." She was buried in the family vault of Edward Evans Esq. at Killyman.

70 M v. **Robert MAYOR**²¹² was born about 1822. He died²¹³ in Feb 1823.

71 M vi. **John Hollings MAYOR**²¹⁴ was born²¹⁵ on 10 Jun 1824 in Windsor, , England.

There is a note written near the name of John Hollings Mayor in Margaret Stuart Herriot's book that reads: - "Went to Australia and afterwards to Toronto, Canada." It is not certain if that note actually refers to him.

22. **Rev. Joseph MAYOR**²¹⁶ (John, Thomas, John, John) was born²¹⁷ on 4 Sep 1788 in , , England. He died²¹⁸ on 19 Apr 1860.

The Rev. Joseph Mayor was the third son of the Rev. John Mayor Vicar of Shawbury and his wife Ann Hollings. He went to St. John's College Cambridge on 10th October 1809. He resided in Somersetshire for twelve months. In January 1812 he was admitted to the degree of B.A. and on the 8th March he was ordained Deacon by the Archbishop of York Hon. Edward Vernon D.D. at the Chapel Royal. On 16th March 1812 he was elected Foundation Fellow of St. John's College Cambridge. On the 19th November 1812 he was ordained Priest by the Bishop of Peterborough at Peterborough. On 5th March 1813 Rev. Joseph Mayor was inducted to the Rectory of S. Collingham, Nottinghamshire. The Patron Bishop of Peterborough was Spencer Madan.

On 5th October 1813 Joseph married Charlotte Pratt in the Parish Church of S. Collingham. Charlotte was the youngest daughter of the Rev. J.S. Pratt, Prebendary and Vicar of Peterborough. (ie. Rev. Pratt was a canon or clergyman who for special services at a cathedral or collegiate church was entitled to stipend.)

Joseph married **Charlotte PRATT** about 1813. Charlotte was born on 19 Dec 1786. She died on 21 Oct 1871.

They had the following children:

72 M i. **Charles MAYOR**²¹⁹ was born²²⁰ on 20 Jul 1814 in , , England. He died²²¹ on 31 Aug 1846.

Charles Mayor was a House Master at Rugby School when his cousin Joseph Bickersteth Mayor went there in 1841. He died there in August 1846 and was succeeded by Joseph Bickersteth Mayor's older brother Robert Bickersteth Mayor. (Margaret Stuart Herriot's Books and Notes).

Charles probably studied at St. John's College Cambridge like so many members of his family from the time of his grandfather the Rev. John Mayor. Joan Beatty (Craymer).

- 73 M ii. **Robert MAYOR**²²² was born on 6 Feb 1817 in , , England. He died in 1824.
- 74 M iii. **Joseph MAYOR**²²³ was born²²⁴ on 1 Jan 1818 in , , England. He died²²⁵ on 25 Jun 1890.
- + 75 Fiv. **Charlotte MAYOR** was born on 27 Mar 1819. She died on 2 Nov 1885.
- 76 Fv. **Frances Cecilia MAYOR**²²⁶ was born²²⁷ on 3 Jul 1820 in , , England. She died²²⁸ on 25 Jan 1903. She was buried²²⁹ on 3 Feb 1903 in Collingham.
- + 77 M vi. **George MAYOR** was born on 14 Jul 1821. He died on 31 Aug 1851.
- 78 Fvii. **Harriet MAYOR**²³⁰ was born²³¹ on 23 Feb 1823 in , , England.
- + 79 Fviii. **Maria Frances MAYOR** was born on 23 Feb 1823. She died on 5 Apr 1906.

24. **Rev. Robert MAYOR** (John, Thomas, John, John) was born on 6 Feb 1791 in , , England. He died on 14 Jul 1846. He was buried in St. Mary's Church, Acton, Cheshire, England.

Robert Mayor was the fourth son of the Rev. John Mayor, vicar of St. Mary's Shawbury and Anne Hollings.

He was educated at Shawbury school and afterwards studied medicine at Grey's Hospital in London. He was ordained a deacon on 4th January 1817 and later ordained a priest at Gloucester on 29th June 1817. He married Charlotte Bickersteth at Everton, Liverpool on 4th September 1817.

A little over three months later the newlyweds sailed on Christmas Day for Baddagama, Ceylon to work as missionaries. While Robert was there he built the church which was opened on 11th March 1823 and consecrated by Bishop Heber on 25th September 1825. While Robert and Charlotte "worked amongst the Heathen" the first seven of their twelve children were born. They left Ceylon after eight years on the 1st April 1828 on what proved to be a long and sad voyage home to England.

There was a quarrel between the owner of the ship and the captain that resulted in them being detained for ten weeks at Algoa Bay, near Port Elizabeth South Africa. With the dispute still not settled they eventually went on to Cape Town on the Cape of Good Hope where a further detention of ten weeks followed. During this time in Cape Town Charlotte gave birth to her eighth child, Joseph on the 24th October 1828 and he was christened at Cape Town. By the beginning of December the ship was in the middle of the Atlantic Ocean between Cape Town and Dakar near Ascension Island when their little son Edward who was nearly two years old died from whooping cough on 2nd December and was buried at sea.

After a terrible trip of just over nine months the family reached England on 19th January 1829. They took a house in Barnsbury Park and the two oldest children Henry and Robert went to school with Mrs. Miller at Cheswardine (probably near Market Drayton), and Mary Anne, the oldest daughter went to school with Mrs. Finch at Cheltenham.

In 1830 the Rev. Robert Mayor and his family moved to Maderley Salop. where Charlotte gave birth to their ninth child Katharine Anne on 15th September 1830. In January 1831 Robert was made chaplain to Lady Shipwith at Harborough. On 28th April 1832 he moved to Highfield House, Woolstanton, Staffordshire where he was curate at St. Paul's Burslem. Charlotte gave birth to their tenth child Emily Mabel there on 18th June 1832. In 1832 Henry, Robert and John (the sixth child) all went to (looks like) Dr. Anderson's School at Newcastle. On either 12th July 1833 or 9th November 1832 John went to Christ's Hospital where he seems to have stayed until 3rd September 1836.

In 1834 Robert and Charlotte moved to Coppenhall Rectory (south of Stafford) and Henry and Robert went to Manchester School where Henry died from Rheumatic Fever on 26th November 1834. He was buried at Copenhall. Robert and Charlotte's eleventh child Georgina Allix was born at Copenhall on 22nd May 1836.

In December 1838 Robert Mayor was appointed to the vicarage of Acton, Cheshire, (Nantwich?) where he served as vicar for eight years until his death at the age of 55 years. The last child of Robert and Charlotte Mayor was born at Acton on 3rd April 1839, shortly after the family moved there.

On the south wall of the sanctuary of St. Mary's Church Acton there is a monument to Robert Mayor with the following inscription: -

"Sacred to the memory of the Rev. Robert Mayor for 8 years vicar of this parish, who died July 14, 1846. During 10 years amongst the Heathen and for 18 years at home he faithfully preached the gospel. Having fought the good fight he finished his course and kept the faith he departed to be with Christ rejoicing in Him who is the same yesterday, today and for ever." His parishioners have placed this tablet as a tribute of respect and affection.

His tomb in the churchyard is an alter tomb (ie. a flat raised stone) and is near a low stone edging on the churchyard boundary on the other side of a pathway in front of the west door and church tower and a little to the right. (This is from a plan sent to Margaret Stuart Herriot by someone called A.E. Webb who was staying at the Acton Vicarage Nantwich in July 1932. The Vicar at that time was Rev. H. Moore.) The information was addressed to Miss Herriot at 8 Gayton Crescent, Hampstead. It is of interest to note that this is the address given as the place of death for Robert Mayor's daughters, Mary Anna in 1898 and Georgina Allix in 1897. The inscription on Robert Mayor's tomb reads: -

"Here lie the remains of the Rev. Robert Mayor late Vicar of this Parish who departed this life July 14th 1846, Aged 55 years." "Whosoever liveth and believeth in me shall never die." John X1: 26

Robert married **Charlotte BICKERSTETH** on 4 Sep 1817 in Everton, Liverpool, England. Charlotte was born on 28 Jun 1792. She died on 13 Feb 1870.

They had the following children:

- 80 M i. **Henry Bickersteth MAYOR**²³² was born²³³ on 10 Jul 1818 in Point de Galle. He died²³⁴ on 26 Nov 1834 in Manchester School. The cause of death was Rheumatic Fever. He was buried²³⁵ in Coppenhall, Staffordshire, England.

Henry Bickersteth Mayor was born at Point de Galle on July 10th 1818. His newly married parents Robert and Charlotte had left England on Christmas Day in 1817 to work as missionaries in Baddegama, Ceylon. There is a place called Galle on the southern tip of Sri Lanka (Ceylon). Perhaps Robert and Charlotte waited there for Henry's birth before continuing further up the west coast to Baddegama.

Henry was over ten years old before he arrived in England for the first time on 19th January 1829 and he and his younger brother Robert were sent away to school with Mrs. Miller at Cheswardine. It must have been very different to the life he was used to

in Ceylon and the two boys must have had a difficult time.

In 1832 when his father was curate at St. Paul's Burslem, Henry and Robert and their brother John went to Dr. Anderson's School (looks like) at Newcastle. After his father made another move in 1834 to Coppenhall, Henry and Robert went to Manchester School. During his first year there Henry contracted Rheumatic Fever and died on 26th November 1834 at just 16 years old. He was buried at Coppenhall.

+ 81 M ii. **Rev. Robert Bickersteth MAYOR** was born on 16 Jan 1820. He died on 15 Aug 1898.

82 Fiii. **Mary Anna MAYOR**²³⁶ was born²³⁷ on 19 Jun 1821 in Baddagama, Ceylon. She died²³⁸ on 29 Mar 1898 in Hampstead, , England. She was buried²³⁹ in Hampstead Cemetery.

This account of Mary Anna Mayor was written by her younger brother John Eyton Bickersteth Mayor shortly after the death of their sister Elizabeth in 1896 and was found copied in Margaret Stuart Herriot's writing in the back of one of her family note books.

My eldest sister (Mary Anna) who long kept my brother's house at Rugby, and in Essex Rectory (Frating), on his marriage settled in Rome where she opened a home for Art Students and was called to play a mother's part to the infant Reformed Catholic Church of Italy.

When her health broke down she went first to Paddington, then to Bournemouth, but she too has now found rest at Hampstead. She died at 8 Gayton Crescent, Hampstead on 29th March 1898.

83 Fiv. **Elizabeth MAYOR**²⁴⁰ was born²⁴¹ on 14 Sep 1822 in Baddagama, Ceylon. She died²⁴² on 7 Dec 1896 in Hamstead, England. She was buried²⁴³ in Hampstead Cemetery.

The following account of the life and death of Elizabeth Mayor was written by her younger brother John Eyton Bickersteth Mayor shortly after her death and was found copied in Margaret Stuart Herriot's writing in the back of one of her family note books:

My sister Elizabeth had little time fundraising or languages ?? She was however a great reader and knew of heart much of her Bible and Prayer Book and many hymns.

With Missions, home and foreign she always kept in touch, never spending on herself a penny more than was necessary and doing good by stealth.

Several years ago Mr. Balding now CMS Missionary at Baddagama wrote to me asking for help. I who have countless applications of the kind took no notice of the appeal. But Lizzie when I showed the letter to her welcomed it as a call and a privilege to enter into our Mother's work. On December 15th 1896 Mr. Balding wrote, thanking her for Christmas Cards and gifts, and Mrs. Balding, then in England, about the same time assured us that her name would long be remembered in her birth-place. She was the first of us baptised in the new church. Two successive Vicars of Christ Church Hampstead, which she frequented for twenty eight years bore witness to her usefulness. Edward Bickersteth her cousin, now Bishop of Exeter said, "Lizzie lives only to be missed." A labourer disabled by an accident, came to her for help. She raised funds to fit up a coffee stall and took much trouble to secure an eligible site for his stand. Two families she sent out to Australia collecting some 100 pounds as

passage money for each, nor did she forget them when out of sight, but kept up a regular correspondence with them sending them Christmas presents.

Her good nature was often taken advantage of by ladies who forgot or who did not suspect her bodily weakness, requiring lodgings, applying to residents younger than herself would often be sent to her; she would patiently trudge with them from house to house, till they found one to their mind.

When I chose Baxter's Hymn "Lord it belongs not to my care" to be sung at her funeral my sisters with one voice urged the omission of the last verse but one, "Then I shall end my sad complaints" for she never complained. The medical certificate specified as chronic causes of her death Nephritis and albuminaia?; as immediate causes, cerebral haemorrhage and exhaustion. Of the nephritis I had never heard; yet she bore it for ten years at least; how much longer no one knows. Of late years her sight was failing, and she limped from corns; still she went her daily rounds in all weathers.

The sick she rarely visited except when they were in trouble or to plead for her poor.

I never knew anyone with an appetite so keen for sermons, services, Bible readings, meetings etc; yet you might be long with her in the house and not notice it, noiselessly she stole away, and noiselessly returned to her home duties. A cousin now living in Hampstead often watched her bright look of happiness in church.

Her graduate nephews I have been told were deeply impressed by the reality cheerfulness and modest reticence of their Aunt's religion.

Young folk felt at home with her at once, for she never preached and never scolded. Two ??? Ladies have been amongst the first to show a sense of her worth. One of them never parted from her without being the better for her presence. When I ordered an anchor of white flowers "Mea Anchora Christis" is the Mayor crest - for her bier I learnt that it is usual to wind round the stock a cable of violets. I jumped at the hint; for so the silent flowers became vocal, an apt emblem of her hidden life, sweet and lowly, pure and bright.

No organist, no choir, rendered payed services at her funeral. A cousin played the organ, and the friends present mostly her poor, chanted and sang.

The Vicar came expressly from Hastings to take prayers and to pronounce the longer? Blessing "The peace of God which passeth all understanding".

I read the lesson and the prayers at the grave, and my older brother (Robert) the closing benediction. My younger brother (Joseph) and his wife (Alexandrina) and two daughters (twins, Alice and Flora) were in Rome but he hastened back to be present with his four children, in the church and at the grave.

On the Wednesday week before her death (November 25th) Lizzie went out paying bills. In the last shop, when rising to take leave, she found herself paralysed. Perfectly calm and collected, she sent a message to her cousin Harriet Cook, who brought a Bath Chair. She steered it herself, on reaching home she seemed unusually bright and well; but was taken to her bed, which she never left. Till Friday evening

(December 4th) she expected to resume her work and thought that other sisters needed the nurse sent by ??? Wood more than she did. She spent her unwanted leisure in hearing favourite Psalms, Chapters, Hymns, Collects. Thus she asked and it was noted as characteristic for the Whitsunday Collect; with its prayer for a "right" judgment in all things "saying" it was too little used. On Saturday December 5th, she became aware that she was dying; the news gave her no shock; she quietly said to a sister: "when the Master calls we must go." On that day I was summoned, I found her breathing hard (I arrived about noon) unable to eat or drink or as a rule to speak.

Still she could be roused. When on Sunday I administered the Holy Communion to my sisters, cousin, the nurse and the servants as I raised my voice at the Lord's prayer and "Glory be to God on high" the light in her eyes spoke assent.

On Sunday afternoon in reply to the Doctor she said, and they were her last words, unusual surely from dying lips "I am very well ! No pain." Two doctors a veteran and a (looks like) tiro, had never seen the like of her calmness. On Monday December 7th, shortly before six am. I was called to her bedside. As the heart was failing, the breathing was no longer forced. As I read the commendatory prayers, she passed away in perfect peace.

Next day Tuesday December 8th, my brother Robert came to the bereaved home in great trouble. After administering the Holy Communion to my sisters and to me, and hearing what we had to tell him, he left the house of death comforted. After what we had seen and heard we could not mourn as those without hope.

Count Campello who was no stranger in Hampstead wrote to my sister Anna: (a message of condolence in Italian).

The poor of the district sent a beautiful wreath, "Her devoted servants" another with the reference Rev:14.1 "And I heard a voice from heaven saying unto me write 'Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord from henceforth!' 'Yea' saith the Spirit, 'that they may rest from their labours; and their works do follow them.'" A third came from Elizabeth an old servant with the reference Daniel 12.3 "And they that be wise shall shine as the brightness of the firmament; and they that turn many to righteousness as the stars for ever and ever."

The following Sunday the servants found several of her poor at the grave. Beside the wreaths which had come from the house, there was one of holly which may perhaps have come from the family butcher, who was present both in the church and at the grave.

The 1881 British Census records Elizabeth Mayor aged 58 and unmarried, as the head of the household at 8 Gayton Crescent, Hampstead, London, Middlesex, England. The other occupants of the house were her three unmarried sisters, Emily M. Mayor aged 48, Georgina A. Mayor aged 44, and Francis J. Mayor aged 41. There was also a 28 year old cook called Harriette Boddington and a 30 year old housemaid called Elizabeth Thomas in residence at the time of the Census.

84 Fv. **Charlotte MAYOR**²⁴⁴ was born²⁴⁵ on 10 Jan 1824 in Baddagama, Ceylon. She died²⁴⁶ on 4 Jan 1897 in Virginia Water.

Charlotte Mayor suffered from some kind of mental "affliction" that caused her to spend the last twenty three years of her life in institutions, parted from her family. Her family seemed to have been extremely pious and caring, therefore it seems reasonable to assume that she must indeed, have experienced periods of extreme "affliction", although her letters in general do not read like those of an "unhinged" person.

The following account of the life and death of Charlotte Mayor was written by her younger brother John Eyton Bickersteth Mayor shortly after her death and the death of her sister Elizabeth and was found copied in Margaret Stuart Herriot's writing in the back of one of her family note books: -

"On January 4th 1897 exactly four weeks after the sister from whom for fifty years she had scarcely ever been separated my third sister Charlotte was released from her long trial. She fell asleep and in sleep passed away. I was present when the telegram came to Gayton Crescent and we all gave thanks with one accord that her warfare was

accomplished. In their deaths they are not divided though forty years before for 12 months and since 1874 without a break, they had been parted by an affliction far more grievous than bodily death, even the failure of Charlotte's reason. Her natural powers were probably equal to those of any of the family; and she had diligently turned them to the best account. A friend of our youth Mr. Dewes? Broughton a man of sound judgement, once said; "I do not like to speak to Charlotte of a book which she has read", meaning that he would be sure to find to his confusion that she had mastered the subject and he had not.

In music and especially in drawing portraits or animals she took great delight. Lady Langdale wished her to study art in Italy, so pleased were both she and Richmond the artist with a likeness of her cousin her daughter which Charlotte had taken. Often when the understanding is unhinged, the moral frame gives way also. This great calamity did not overtake her. Though we rejoice at her deliverance from a life without work, yet we can look back with gratitude even to the weary months and years when her keen intellect was dulled and her service was but to stand apart with folded arms and wait.

Her thigh was broken long ago by a fall on the slippery floor of the gorgeous hall at Virginia Water. The fracture was never truly set and to the end she remained a cripple. Yet her temper did not suffer with the body.

Gentle, patient, grateful, considerate, she was an influence for good wherever she went. Meekly she bore her own burden, but never failed to lament the expense and trouble which she caused to others.

Charlotte as the one of us endowed with a touch of genius, shared the artist's craving for recognition. The undue repression of this gave her perhaps in early days somewhat of a forced anxious air.

As a woman however she was very simple and humble always ready to take the lowest place.

Why a spirit so furnished for bearing a foremost part in life's battle should have been laid aside so soon and after a long return to her home, for good, is to us unknown. One thing we can see - The end is not yet. It doth not yet appear what she shall be, what she is even now. Refined surely, as gold tried in the fire, by a martyrdom compared to which the gibbet or the stake would be nothing. To us she is an example such as we need of the faith and patience of the saints. It is our glory and crown of rejoicing that one of our blood came out conqueror from a struggle so sore and so lasting, and that the end was peace. Being dead she yet speaks to us from the tomb. May we be inspired by that voice of trust which flashes from the darkness in words like these. "I feel sure that the Father above is ordering all for the best." "We do know that every trial we meet with, is adjusted and meted for us by infinite love, infinite wisdom and perfect justice, so that we may be quite sure brighter days are in store."

Those days have come, and we can apply to the sunshine of her presence, her noble words of gratitude to Mrs. Webb and her fellow warders. "I am thankful to tell you that I am quite well enough to enjoy life here. People do not generally choose for their work in life the place in which I am now, and yet it seems to me that there is no work so calculated to draw out the very highest parts of our nature. When you are nursing sick children, you are repaid with sweet smiles, and bright looks and loving words; but there are faces here that look as if they do not know what joy or hope meant, and yet, while in one sense dead, have every sense screwed up to the highest pitch of sensitiveness. No place could be better managed and the maids are quite marvels to me of patience and cheerfulness. An angel could not listen with more patience and sweetness than Mrs. Webb does to the tales of woe that are poured into her ear by the patients one after another."

Trouble like hers would have entitled Stoics of old to go out from a life not worth living. Would be - here and now preach murder of the feeble as a charitable act, a Euthanasia. Charlotte followed Socrates who dared not desert his post; followed her Master who drank to the dregs the bitter cup. To her the emblem and motto of her fathers were no heraldic vanity, but the very secret of her hidden life.

On hope's anchor, sure and steadfast, she rode out the storms of Earth and has now entered within the veil. In the deepest depth she was never tempted to curse her God.

The following letter from Kate Seaton was probably written to one of the remaining Mayor sisters after the death of Charlotte: -

18 Lowry Road, East Southsea

My dear Miss Mayor,

I am so glad your dear little sister has gone to Jesus and has entered into the glorious picture. It seems such a sad strange life to suffer as she did, but she with one or two other sufferers have shown me there are no circumstances under which we cannot bear witness for Christ. I have known the time when my troubles seemed greater than I could bear, and I have slipped away to her and read some poetry to her and felt her soothing influence. We cannot tell how many she may have soothed in the midst of her own sufferings. Her afflictions may have been sent to bring her into contact with those who could be reached in no other way as St. Paul was brought by his imprisonment into the terrible hero's court.

(Haliford House) Kate Seaton

The 1881 British Census lists Charlotte Mayor as a resident of a Private Asylum at Haliford. Joseph Sexton, a widower aged 69 and several other members of his family including Edith Annie Sexton aged 3 and Beatrice Sexton aged 1 and Katherine Jane Sexton aged 34 were also in residence. It is my assumption that this family owned and ran the assylum. There were 10 other residents that listed a place of birth and 20 residents including Charlotte Mayor, that showed no place of birth. How many of these people were patients is not known. The Census shows a further 9 people including a married couple, Edwin and Susan Mace and 7 unmarried persons were neighbours although the address was also listed as Private Assylum Haliford. In one of her letters Charlotte wrote "there are children in this house we get a sight of occasionally and once or twice I have even had a baby to nurse for a few minutes."

Although Margaret Herriot's writing seems to be quite clear the family letters in the back of her book are not originals, but copies in her hand. It is possible that she took Kate Sexton to read Kate Seaton when making her copies. I think it probable that she was the one who read poetry to Charlotte and "felt her soothing influence." It would, after, all have been quite trying to live in an asylum and bring up a family. Joan Beatty (Craymer).

85 M vi. **John Eyton Bickersteth MAYOR**²⁴⁷ was born²⁴⁸ on 28 Jan 1825 in Baddagama, Ceylon. He died²⁴⁹ on 1 Dec 1910 in Cambridge, England. He was buried²⁵⁰ in Huntington Road Cemetery, Cambridge, England.

John Eyrton Bickersteth Mayor was born at Baddegama Ceylon on 28th January 1825. On 9th November 1832 he went to school at Newcastle and on 12th July 1833 he went to Christ's Hospital. On the presentation of the Rev. Matthew Morris Preston he was discharged. On 3rd September 1836 a letter from his father stated his intention not to return him to the care of the hospital. Dr. White was the Lower Grammar Master at that time, and Dr. Rice was the second Grammar Master.

On 4th February 1839 John went to Shrewsbury School. In 1844 he went to St. John's College Cambridge. He took his B.A. Degree and was Third Classic Elected Fellow in

1849. The same year he was appointed a Master at Marlborough College. He returned to Cambridge in 1853 and was ordained a Deacon in 1855, and the Bishop of Ely ordained him a Priest in 1857.

John was appointed Librarian at St. John's College Cambridge in 1863 and held this office until 1867. In 1872 he was appointed Professor of Latin in 1872, a position he held for the next 28 years. This information and a list of his best known works came from Margaret Stuart Herriot's Books and Notes.

He was long remembered as one who would sometimes attempt to bring about change in impractical ways, however, he was combative when combat was called for, expressed his opinions unequivocally in speech and print, gave a good deal of pain to persons who well deserved it, and in four short years shook off from the library the dust which two centuries of indifference had allowed to accumulate upon it. This was written by a staff member who joined the library in 1936 and was the recollections of staff members at that time who remembered John E. B. Mayor as a reader into his old age at the place over which he had once presided. (Found in an untitled document on the Cambridge University Library Website.) There are two boxes of John Eyton Bickersteth Mayor's Papers in the Old Library at St. John's College Library.

Not only did Margaret Stuart Herriot record that he was a notable Latin Scholar, History also remembers him as such and his numerous works are well documented.

- 86 M vii. **Edward Bickersteth MAYOR**²⁵¹ was born²⁵² on 26 Feb 1827 in Baddagama, Ceylon. He died²⁵³ on 2 Dec 1828 in At sea near Ascension Island. The cause of death was Whooping Cough. He was buried²⁵⁴ in at sea.

Edward Bickersteth Mayor was the fourth son of Robert and Charlotte Mayor. He was born in Baddagama, Ceylon on 26th February 1827 and he died on 2nd December 1828 on the long voyage back to England and was buried at sea near Ascension Island.

- + 87 M viii. **Joseph Bickersteth MAYOR** was born on 24 Oct 1828. He died on 29 Nov 1916.

- 88 Fix. **Katharine Anne MAYOR**²⁵⁵ was born²⁵⁶ on 15 Sep 1830 in Maderley, Salop., England. She died²⁵⁷ on 15 Oct 1914.

- 89 Fx. **Emily Mabel MAYOR**²⁵⁸ was born²⁵⁹ on 18 Jun 1832 in Woolstanton, Staffordshire, England. She died²⁶⁰ on 31 May 1927.

An item in the Christ Church Hampstead Magazine dated 1st July 1927 recorded the life and death of Emily Mabel Mayor as follows:-

"The death of Miss Mayor has removed from Christ Church a worshipper of 60 years standing. It was in 1867 that she came as one of six sisters with their mother Charlotte Bickersteth, Aunt to Bishop Bickersteth Vicar of Christ Church to live at Gayton Crescent. It appears that at that time Christ Church could not provide work enough for the six sisters, and Emily Mayor helped for a time as a district visitor for the Parish Church and taught on Sundays in the Sailors' Daughters' Home. Her father was one of the first C.M.S. Missionaries to Ceylon and her own deep interest in the Society found constant expression in feverous contributions to its funds through Christ Church.

Hers was indeed a beautiful character without guile, incapable of an uncharitable thought, contented and uncomplaining even when physical limitations enfeebled her latter years she had quite a remarkable influence upon all who were brought into personal touch with her. The last time she was in Church was on Easter Sunday this year when she attended the 10 am. Communion Service. Though her deafness prevented her from following the service she continued, until absolutely prevented to occupy with the greatest regularity the front corner seat where she was such a conspicuous and familiar figure.

We thank God for her life and memory and pray that He will raise up others of the same strong and simple faith and Christ-like life to carry on her witness."

The 1881 British Census reveals Emily M. Mayor aged 48 lived at 8 Gayton Crescent, Hampstead, London, Middlesex, England with her three unmarried sisters, Elizabeth, Georgina and Francis, and a cook and a housemaid.

- 90 Fxi. **Georgina Allix MAYOR**²⁶¹ was born²⁶² on 22 May 1836 in Coppenhall, Cheshire, England. She died²⁶³ on 16 Dec 1897 in 8 Gayton Crescent, Hampstead, England. She was buried²⁶⁴ in Hampstead Cemetery.

The 1881 British Census records Georgina A. Mayor, unmarried, aged 44 lived at 8 Gayton Crescent, Hampstead, London, Middlesex, England with her three unmarried sisters, Elizabeth, Emily and Francis. Georgina is the only one of the sisters who has a recorded occupation. She was a Hospital Sister.

- 91 Fxii. **Francis Jane MAYOR**²⁶⁵ was born²⁶⁶ on 30 Apr 1839 in Acton, Cheshire, England. She died²⁶⁷ on 21 May 1912. She was buried²⁶⁸ in Hampstead Cemetery, England.

Francis Jane Mayor was born about five months after her father Robert was appointed to the vicarage of Acton, Cheshire. The 1881 British Census records Francis J. Mayor 41, who lived with her three unmarried sisters, a cook and a housemaid at 8 Gayton Crescent, Hampstead, London, Middlesex, England.

25. **Mary MAYOR** (John, Thomas, John, John) was born²⁶⁹ on 25 Apr 1792. She died²⁷⁰ on 9 Jan 1836 in Manchester, , England. The cause of death was Typhus Fever.

Mary Mayor was the third daughter of Rev. John Mayor and Ann Hollings. Her family did all they could to prevent her marriage to John Lowe Esq. at Shawbury on 3 Nov 1814.

John Lowe was a remarkably handsome man of good family, but a ne'er do well who left his wife after a few years with four of their five children (one child had died).

The three sons all went out to Australia and settled in the Adelaide area.

Mary Mayor died of Typhus Fever at noon on 9 Jan. 1836. (Margaret Stuart Herriot's notes and charts.)

- Mary married²⁷¹ **John LOWE Esq.** on 3 Nov 1814 in Shawbury. John was born about 1785.

John Lowe was said to be a remarkably handsome man who came from a very good family. However he

married Mary Mayor against the wishes of her family who thought he was a "n'ere do well". Her family did everything they could to prevent the marriage and it seems it was not very happy as John Lowe left his wife after a few years with 4 surviving children. (Margaret Stuart Herriot's loose notes)

John and Mary had the following children:

92 M i. **Edward John LOWE** was born in 1815. He died in 1815.

Edward John Lowe died in infancy. Margaret Stuart Herriot's large book.

93 M ii. **John Mayor LOWE** was born on 29 Aug 1816. He died²⁷² in Jul 1858 in London, , England.

The three sons of Mary Mayor and John Lowe all went to Australia and settled in the Adelaide area. MSH's loose notes say that the oldest (surviving) son married a widow, a Mrs. Payne who was an extremely nice woman. Her husband owned a good deal of property in the neighbourhood called Payneham. (MSH's large pedigree book shows Robert the fourth child as having married Mrs. Payne of Payneham, Adelaide, South Australia and his death date is shown as 1850) MSH goes on in the loose notes to say,

"Before this eldest son died in 1850 my mother said he appeared to her one night and said, 'Good bye I am dying and I have left you 50 pounds a year.' I still have in my possession a letter dated 1850 which had been 6 months on the way and that had come by a steamer called The Martin Luther which was afterwards wrecked, (or am I making a mistake about the name?).

The second (surviving) son was a farmer owning a certain amount of land in the neighbourhood of Adelaide. He died in July 1858 in London and asked mother (Margaret Anne Lowe/Herriot) to go to him. He told her his farm brought him about 500 pounds a year. She could not go to him as my brother Stuart was born almost the same day. Of course that was before the married woman's property act and my father would make no claim saying his children would never want it!

When it was all too late in 1902 I found out through enquiries made by a solicitor in Adelaide that the will had never even been proved and that she had been terribly defrauded by a solicitor called (looks like) Noltenius who often sent her illustrated papers etc."

After my mother's (Margaret Ann Lowe/Herriot's) death was announced in the papers, that was in 1902 (1903 according to other notes) I (MSH) was asked by a firm of solicitors in Adelaide to give up all claim to the 50 pounds which her eldest brother who appeared to her in the night saying that unless I did so they would have an Act of Parliament passed. After all these years I could not take any action - indeed the man who was mainly responsible had died. I understand that this capital from which the 50 pounds was derived was settled on a piece of land in Adelaide which in the course of years had increased in enormously in value! Mothers brothers had all been so devoted to her, if she had got from them as they intended I am sure she might have been spared much financial anxiety - but we must try to think that it has all been for the best."

Margaret Stuart Herriot's notes.

**** Try to establish which brother was actually married to Mrs. Payne

+ 94 Fiii. **Margaret Ann LOWE** was born on 23 Sep 1818. She died on 24

Sep 1903.

- 95 M iv. **Robert Mayor LOWE** was born²⁷³ on 3 Jan 1821. He died²⁷⁴ in 1850 in Adelaide, South Australia.

The three sons of Mary Mayor and John Lowe all went to Australia and settled in the Adelaide area. MSH's loose notes say that the oldest (surviving) son married a widow, a Mrs. Payne who was an extremely nice woman. Her husband owned a good deal of property in the neighbourhood called Payneham. (MSH's large pedigree book shows Robert the fourth child as having married Mrs. Payne of Payneham, Adelaide, South Australia and his death date is shown as 1850) MSH goes on in the loose notes to say, "Before this eldest son died in 1850 my mother said he appeared to her one night and said, 'Good bye I am dying and I have left you 50 pounds a year.' I still have in my possession a letter dated 1850 which had been 6 months on the way and that had come by a steamer called The Martin Luther which was afterwards wrecked, (or am I making a mistake about the name?).

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When it was all too late in 1902 I found out through enquiries made by a solicitor in Adelaide that the will had never even been proved and that she had been terribly defrauded by a solicitor called (looks like) Noltenius who often sent her illustrated papers etc. Margaret Stuart Herriot's notes.

**** Try to establish which brother was actually married to Mrs. Payne

- 96 M v. **Edward LOWE** was born²⁷⁵ on 24 Aug 1822. He died²⁷⁶ in 1874 in Adelaide, South Australia.

Edward Lowe also went to Adelaide, South Australia. He was a doctor but an invalid during many years when he lived with his sister in law, the former Mrs. Payne (or Payneham). Margaret Stuart Herriot's notes sent to Thelma Herriot in 1936

42. **Edward Mayor RANDALL** (Sarah MAYOR, Thomas, John, John) was born²⁷⁷ about 1789.

Edward married²⁷⁸ **Elizabeth BROADRIBB** about 1812. Elizabeth was born²⁷⁹ about 1790.

They had the following children:

- + 97 M i. **William Broadribb RANDALL** was born about 1812.
98 Fii. **Ann RANDALL** was born²⁸⁰ about 1813.
99 Fiii. **Sarah RANDALL** was born²⁸¹ about 1815.

Sarah Randall married Dr. Aldridge of Southampton. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Book.

100 M iv. **Edward B. RANDALL** was born²⁸² about 1816.

Edward Randall was a Lawyer. He married Jane Maber or Naber

101 M v. **Uriah RANDALL** was born²⁸³ about 1817.

Uriah Randall was a dissenting Minister who married twice. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Book.

102 Fvi. **Catherine RANDALL** was born²⁸⁴ about 1818.

103 Fvii. **Grace RANDALL** was born²⁸⁵ about 1819.

Grace Randall married a Lawyer.

104 M viii. **Alfred RANDALL** was born²⁸⁶ about 1821.

Alfred Randall was a Lawyer. He died from Typhoid Fever.

105 Fix. **Julia RANDALL** was born²⁸⁷ about 1823.

Julia Randall married a Presbyterian Minister at Gravesend.

Sixth Generation

67. **Thomas Martin MAYOR**²⁸⁸ (Thomas, John, Thomas, John, John) was born²⁸⁹ on 6 Feb 1816. He was christened²⁹⁰ in St. Anne's Parish, Gloucester, England. He died in 1886.

Thomas married²⁹² **Harriet MAY**²⁹¹ about 1843 in England. Harriet was born about 1820. She died²⁹³ in 1903 in Canada.

It is not clear from Margaret Stuart Herriot's notes if Harriet's family name was May or if perhaps it was her middle name and the family name was unknown. It is also not known if she went out to Canada after Thomas died in 1886 - perhaps she went out to join her brother-in-law John Hollings Mayor. The notes record that she died in 1903 in Canada leaving four sons, however her daughter Anne did not die until October 1906. Did she marry and stay in England?

Thomas and Harriet had the following children:

106 Fi. **Anne MAYOR**²⁹⁴ was born²⁹⁵ in 1845. She died²⁹⁶ in Oct 1906.

107 M ii. **Joseph Thomas MAYOR**²⁹⁷ was born²⁹⁸ in 1848.

- + 108 M iii. **Thomas Frederick MAYOR** was born in 1850.
- 109 M iv. **John Hollings MAYOR**²⁹⁹ was born³⁰⁰ in 1852.
- 110 M v. **Harry William MAYOR**³⁰¹ was born³⁰² in 1860.

75. **Charlotte MAYOR**³⁰³ (Joseph, John, Thomas, John, John) was born³⁰⁴ on 27 Mar 1819 in Collingham, Nottingham, England. She died³⁰⁵ on 2 Nov 1885.

Charlotte married³⁰⁷ **Rev. Archibald Eneas JULIUS**³⁰⁶ on 11 Mar 1847. Archibald was born³⁰⁸ about 1818 in Richmond, Surrey, England. He died³⁰⁹ on 5 Mar 1895.

The 1881 British Census shows that Archibald E. Julius was born in Richmond, Surrey about 1818, (he was 62 at the time of the Census on 4th April 1881). He was the Rector of Southery, Norfolk at the time and lived in the Rectory with his wife Charlotte and 2 daughters, Blanche aged 22 and Lucy Adelaide aged 17 who was described as a scholar. There were also four servants living in the Rectory. The British Census of 6 April 1891 shows that Archibald was at Friern, Middlesex in the home of his son-in-law John Lockie Clark and his youngest daughter Lucy Adelaide along with three of their children and four servants. He may have been visiting because his occupation was still shown as Rector of Southery.

Archibald and Charlotte had the following children:

- 111 Fi. **Florence Charlotte JULIUS**³¹⁰ was born³¹¹ on 5 Jan 1848 in St. Staughton, Hants, England.

Florence married **Harry SALE**³¹² about 1870. Harry was born about 1845.
- + 112 M ii. **Charles Archibald JULIUS** was born on 29 Jul 1849.
- + 113 M iii. **Alfred Henry JULIUS** was born on 25 May 1852.
- + 114 M iv. **Arthur Cooper JULIUS** was born on 13 Dec 1854. He died in 1893.
- + 115 M v. **Stanford Percy JULIUS** was born on 11 Nov 1856.
- + 116 Fvi. **Fanny Maria JULIUS** was born on 2 May 1860.
- + 117 Fvii. **Blanche JULIUS** was born about 1861.
- + 118 Fviii. **Lucy Adelaide JULIUS** was born on 19 Feb 1864. She died on 30 Jan 1936.

77. **George MAYOR**³¹³ (Joseph, John, Thomas, John, John) was born³¹⁴ on 14 Jul 1821 in , , England. He died³¹⁵ on 31 Aug 1851 in Shikapore, India.

Lieutenant George Mayor was Commandant of the Belooch Regiment serving in India. He married

Elizabeth Julianna Wood who was the eldest daughter of George Wood Esq. who was the Deputy Collector and Magistrate of Shikapore, India. Shikapore a town not far from the Indus River was at that time part of India, however, when the Dominion of Pakistan was created on 14th August 1947 this area became part of Pakistan. George Mayor died on 31st August 1851 and he was buried in the new burying ground at Shikapore. His young son George William Mayor who was born on 25th October 1850 died at Shikapore on 4th January 1852. His widow died at Sukkur and was buried by the side of her husband at Shikapore. Margaret Stuart Herriot's notes.

George married³¹⁷ **Elizabeth Juliana WOOD**³¹⁶ on 19 Oct 1849 in Shikapore, Pakistan. Elizabeth was born about 1823. She died³¹⁸ in Sukkur, India. She was buried³¹⁹ in Shikapore, India.

They had the following children:

119 M i. **George William MAYOR**³²⁰ was born³²¹ on 25 Oct 1850 in , India. He died³²² on 4 Jan 1852 in Shikapore, India.

79. **Maria Frances MAYOR**³²³ (Joseph, John, Thomas, John, John) was born³²⁴ on 23 Feb 1823 in , , England. She died³²⁵ on 5 Apr 1906 in Folkestone, , England.

Maria married³²⁶ **Rev. Walter John CLARKE** on 12 Sep 1847. Walter was born³²⁷ on 3 Apr 1813. He died³²⁸ on 24 Aug 1903 in Folkestone, , England.

Walter Clarke was the son of General Clarke and Vicar of Swinderby (location unknown). Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. His marriage to Maria Frances Mayor was probably his second marriage as suggested on the Rand Ancestry Internet Site: <http://www.kittybrewster.com/ancestry/rand.htm>>

Walter and Maria had the following children:

- + 120 M i. **George Sydenham CLARKE** was born on 4 Jul 1848. He died in 1933.
- + 121 M ii. **Frederick Sydenham CLARKE** was born on 9 Dec 1850.
- + 122 Fiii. **Frances Maria CLARKE** was born on 18 Jan 1852.
- 123 Fiv. **Jessie Harriet CLARKE** was born³²⁹ on 7 Mar 1853.
- 124 Fv. **Edith Mary CLARKE** was born³³⁰ on 26 Aug 1854. She died³³¹ on 20 Feb 1873.
- + 125 Fvi. **Catherine Charlotte CLARKE** was born on 21 Aug 1855.
- + 126 M vii. **Walter Sydneham CLARKE** was born on 27 Nov 1856.
- + 127 Fviii. **Mary Adelaide CLARKE** was born on 31 Oct 1857.

- + 128 M ix. **Percy Sydenham CLARKE** was born about 1859.
- + 129 Fx. **Ellen CLARKE** was born about 1861.
- 130 M xi. **Arthur Sydenham CLARKE** was born³³² about 1863.

81. **Rev. Robert Bickersteth MAYOR**³³³ (Robert, John, Thomas, John, John) was born³³⁴ on 16 Jan 1820 in Baddagama, Ceylon. He died³³⁵ on 15 Aug 1898. He was buried³³⁶ on 18 Aug 1898 in Frating, , England.

Rev. Robert Bickersteth Mayor was born at Baddegama on the south west coast of Ceylon (Sri Lanka) on 16th January 1820 while his father Rev. Robert Mayor and his mother Charlotte were there as missionaries for an eight year period. The family left Ceylon on 1st April 1828 and arrived back in England on 19th January 1829.

With his older brother Henry, Robert was sent away to school with Mrs. Miller at Cheswardine. In 1832 the two boys, along with their younger brother John went to school at Dr. Anderson's (looks like) school at Newcastle. When their father moved to Copenhall Rectory in 1834 Robert and Henry went to Manchester school where Henry died 26th November 1834 from Rheumatic Fever. This must have been very sad for Robert to lose his older brother when they had always been together.

Robert studied at St. John's College Cambridge and was made a Fellow on 10th March 1846 and took his M.A. Degree on 13th March. He went to Rugby on 14th March 1846 and was House Master in succession to his cousin Charles Mayor who died there in August 1846. He left Rugby in 1863 and became Rector of Frating cum Thorington in 1863. Margaret Stuart Herriot's notes are a little hard to read, however it looks as if Robert became a Canon and a Dean before his death on 18th August 1898 at the age of 78.

Robert married **Caroline Dorothea BICKERSTETH**³³⁷ on 24 Apr 1873. Caroline was born³³⁸ on 4 May 1836. She died³³⁹ in Apr 1921.

They had the following children:

- 131 Fi. **Katherine Geraldine MAYOR**³⁴⁰ was born³⁴¹ on 14 Oct 1874. She died³⁴² on 2 Dec 1874. She was buried³⁴³ in Frating, , England.
- 132 M ii. **Bertram Robert MAYOR**³⁴⁴ was born³⁴⁵ on 6 Feb 1876 in Frating, , England.
Bertram married **Dorothea LEACH**³⁴⁶ on 28 Jan 1907. Dorothea was born³⁴⁷ on 28 Feb 1877.

87. **Joseph Bickersteth MAYOR**³⁴⁸ (Robert, John, Thomas, John, John) was born³⁴⁹ on 24 Oct 1828 in Cape Town, South Africa. He was christened³⁵⁰ in Cape Town, South Africa. He died³⁵¹ on 29 Nov 1916 in Kingston.

Joseph Bickersteth Mayor was born on either the 24th or 28th October at the Cape of Good Hope, South Africa during a voyage home from Ceylon, where his parents Robert and Charlotte had served as CMS Missionaries for eight years. He was baptised at The Cape and arrived in England on 19th January 1829 with his family. He was taught at the Acton Vicarage, Cheshire by the Curate the Rev. G. Sandford from 1838 till October 1841 when he went to Rugby School where Dr. Arnold was the Headmaster.

Joseph was in the Rev. Charles Mayor's House. Charles was his cousin, the son of the Rev. Joseph Mayor and Charlotte Pratt, who was born in 1841 and died at the College in 1846 where he was succeeded by Joseph Bickersteth Mayor's older brother Robert Bickersteth Mayor who went there in March 1846.

Joseph received a scholarship worth £20 a year, and in October 1847 he went to St. John's College Cambridge. He took his Degree in 1851, coming second in Classical Studies. He was elected a Fellow in 1852, took his Masters Degree in 1854 and was appointed a Tutor in 1860. Joseph was ordained a Deacon, and then a Priest at Ely in 1860.

He married Alexandrina Jessie Grote in 1863 and was appointed Headmaster of Kensington Propriety School till June 1868. He then he went to St. Margaret's Twickenham. In 1872 (1870 in an Internet source) he was appointed Classical Professor at King's College London.

In 1871 he moved to Montpellier Road Twickenham, and in 1880 he moved to Queen's Gate House, Twickenham. (Margaret Stuart Herriot's Notes.)

An Internet search revealed that:- Joseph was a classical scholar and theologian, who was educated at Rugby and St. John's College, Cambridge. From 1870-1879 he was Professor of Classics at King's College, London. His most important classical works are an edition of Cicero's De natura deorum (3 volumes 1880-1885) and Guide to the Choice of Classical Books (3rd ed., 1885, with supplement 1896). He was also responsible for editing theological literature, and from 1887 to 1893 he was editor of the Classical Review.

He married a niece of John Grote who held the chair of moral philosophy at Cambridge from 1855 to 1866 and became his literary executor. (From notes taken during discussion at the Grote Club Meetings, Feb-Nov 1867 by Alfred Marshall - found on the Internet.)

Joseph married **Alexandrina Jessie GROTE** about 1910. Alexandrina was born³⁵² on 6 Jul 1831.

Alexandrina Jessie Grote was a niece of John Grote who held the chair of moral philosophy at Cambridge from 1855 to 1866.

Joseph and Alexandrina had the following children:

- + 133 M i. **Robert John Grote MAYOR** was born in Aug 1869.
- 134 M ii. **Henry Bickersteth MAYOR** was born³⁵³ on 4 Mar 1871 in Montpellier Rd. Twickenham.
Henry married **K. HOWARD** in Dec 1920. K. HOWARD was born³⁵⁴ about 1895.
- 135 Fiii. **Alice Macdonald MAYOR** was born³⁵⁵ on 20 Oct 1872 in Montpellier Rd. Twickenham.
- 136 Fiv. **Flora Macdonald MAYOR** was born³⁵⁶ on 20 Oct 1872 in Montpellier Rd. Twickenham.

94. **Margaret Ann LOWE** (Mary MAYOR, John, Thomas, John, John) was born on 23 Sep 1818. She was christened³⁵⁷ on 10 Jun 1819 in Bechbury, Salop, England. She died on 24 Sep 1903.

"Your Father (Robert Frank Herriot) must have told you what a very charming, pretty old lady his mother

was, we had great affection and admiration for her. She had white hair, and wore lovely caps with little roses and was always sweet and kind to us." A quote from a letter written by Lady Kate Richardson to Thelma Herriot (Beatty).

Margaret married **John HERRIOT** son of Robert HERRIOT and Barbara STUART on 9 Nov 1852 in Calcutta, India. John was born before 1830 in , , Scotland.

John Herriot was the third son of Robert Herriot and Barbara Stuart. He went out to India and made his way in a wonderful manner, lived in the largest palace in Calcutta. He came home in 1857 and on reaching Alexandria they heard that the Indian Mutiny had broken out. For some years all went well, but a very few years afterwards the American War broke out (12th April 1861) and about the same time John Herriot had a stroke of paralysis from which he never recovered, and as he was a cotton merchant the time was critical for him. His business was pitifully mismanaged. (If no one had done anything all would have been well.) Then he was declared bankrupt and a panic ensued on the London Stock Exchange. He was never bankrupt, and an old friend of his, Mr. Pennington exerted himself and made himself responsible for his financial soundness, and his wife (Margaret Ann Lowe) said it was only owing to him that sufficient was saved for her and her family to live upon.

The above notes are almost word for word from Margaret Stuart Herriot's notes as sent to Thelma Elsie Herriot in 1936.

When the East India Companies of the Netherlands, Denmark, France and England began trading in the 1600's they were private companies given charters by their governments who gave them special trading rights and caused the decline of the Portugese traders who had previously held control of most European trade with India. To protect themselves the English made agreements with the rulers of India during the 1600's. It carried on trade without trying to acquire territory. However, with the gradual break up of the Mogul Empire during the 1700's the various companies vied for advantage and interfered in Indian politics. After the agents of the English company obtained the right to collect taxes and turned Indian princes against each other the company became the leading power in India and in 1757 Clive of India led troops of the company to victory over Indian forces in the Battle of Plassey. In 1774 Warren Hastings became the company's first governor-general of India.

Through greed and the waging of wars using both British and Indian troops the company brought poverty and bitterness to many Indians. When the Indian soldiers, called Sepoys, were given orders that violated their religious beliefs the Indian Mutiny or Sepoy Rebellion broke out at Meerut near Delhi on 10th May 1857. This followed several smaller mutinies that had reflected the growing discontent and distrust among the Indian people for the English East India Company. Before the mutiny was finally suppressed in 1859 it had spread over a large part of northern India. This resulted in the end of the British East India Company and the transfer of its power and lands to the British government.

The above information is taken from The World Book Encyclopedia and gives an interesting background to the story of John Herriot "who made his way in a wonderful manner and lived in the largest palace in Calcutta".

It is also interesting to note that in 1773 the American Rebellion against British rule came closer with an incident in Boston Harbour that related to the East India Company. The substantial tax rebate the British East India Company received from the British government on tea shipped to America caused the " Boston Tea Party."

The outbreak of the American Civil War in 1861 should have provided interesting opportunities for a cotton merchant and would indeed have been a "critical" time, with the American production being affected by the war which was essentially caused by the south's need for slave labour to work on the cotton fields.

John and Margaret had the following children:

Fi. Margaret Stuart HERRIOT was born on 20 Jan 1854 in , , Scotland. She died on 3 May 1950 in England.

Margaret Stuart Herriot was greatly interested in her family history and pedigrees. She never married and lived quietly with her faithful old maid and seemed to be a little lost in the 20th Century. Maggie was aware of the importance of passing on her work for future generations. In 1936 she packed up all her records and sent them to her niece Thelma Herriot (Beatty) in Australia with the following letter.

"I have taken much trouble collecting the many genealogical records and you will find many well known names distinguished in history and literature, and in many walks of life. I am sending all these to you dear, because I feel I know you so much better than any other member of the family. If you are not interested in them you can destroy them. I thought I should like to let some member of my family have them soon as there may not be many years left for me here below, for I am nearly 82."

In fact she lived well into her nineties but became very frail and suffered from dementia. I have always been grateful Auntie Maggie's precious charts had been safely dispatched even if they were only stored at the bottom of my mother's linen cupboard for about 44 years before I began to use them in about 1980.

Margaret Stuart Herriot's will was dated 7th February, 1939 and the Executor was Barclays Bank Limited. Robert Herriot having predeceased the Testatrix, the residue of her estate after all debts were paid was equally divided between his four surviving children, Mrs. Ethel Clara Court, Mrs. Margaret Jamison, Mrs. Thelma Elsie Beatty and Mr. Stuart Gilbert Herriot. The amount distributed was £358 and 6 pence, giving each person £69 15 shillings. Her household goods and effects totalled only £46 5 shillings and she had £66 17 shillings and 11 pence in hand with her solicitor. The professional services of Drs. Densham and Ratcliff Densham of Worthing were owed £5 18 shillings and sixpence, the Supreme Court £5 10 shillings, the Official Solicitor's Costs were £20 11 shillings and threepence and the Undertaker's account for Messrs. Jordan & Cook Limited of 39 South Street, Worthing was £47 and 8 shillings. Mr. & Mrs. Leadbetter of "Red Lodge" Seaview Road, Worthing claimed £250 maintenance but were paid only £146 7 shillings and 1 penny. Margaret Herriot had shares in The East Indian Railway Company, Lever Bros. & Unilever and Whites (Timothy) and Taylors Ltd. that contributed £420 9 shillings and 5 pence to her total assets at the time of her death. This information came from the Executor's Statement of Account, dated 1st March 1951.

A picture of Margaret Stuart Herriot's last years emerges from several letters and copies of letters Thelma Herriot kept with her own letters from Aunt Maggie. It seems that her memory started to go in the late 1930's and by July 1943 her Doctor wrote:-

I called on Miss Herriot today, and found the dear old lady very happy and comfortable. Although her memory has almost entirely gone she chatted very brightly.

She is still with Mrs. Leadbetter. I have every reason to believe that both day and night attendants are devoted and skilful nurses, and that the food, which Miss Herriot tells me she enjoys is well cooked, and nicely served.

*I am sure that both you and the brother can be quite happy about her.
Yours Sincerely, Alec Dunsham.*

A cousin wrote to Thelma Herriot (Beatty) to describe Maggie's situation after she had to sell her home at Hampstead and move to Worthing:-

I was very sorry when Maggie left Hampstead, but the stairs were too much for the old maid, Mary (Boxald), and Maggie found the hills trying also - Hampstead is a very hilly place.

Old Mary's health got worse, and finally Maggie took and furnished a room for her, and went herself to Mrs. Leadbetter's guest house.

Maggie had a large room facing south and west with all her own furniture, and all your photos set out on the mantelpiece! She used to talk such a lot about your father and his family. Either at the end of 1938 or early in 1939 Mary died and this was a very great shock. I went to Worthing as soon as I heard and found Maggie very shaken. She missed Mary coming in and out but Mrs. Leadbetter was giving her care and attention; though she told me she thought Maggie should have an attendant. I absolutely agreed, and urged her to find someone.

After a time Miss James (the new companion) left, but Mrs. Leadbetter used to write sometimes. Then in September or October 1940 (I think) she wrote that Maggie could no longer sign cheques, and her memory had almost gone. Mrs. Leadbetter had been helping her for some time past and could go on doing so - it all sounded unsatisfactory, so I wrote to Mr. Kennard (the head of the firm of solicitors dealing with Maggie's affairs).

It was impossible for him to go to Worthing as he had lost two partners and his other one was due to be called up, besides he had lost a large number of his staff. Eventually, it was decided, that the Official Solicitor should take over the management of Maggie's affairs - this seemed to be the best arrangement that could be made - But from that day we have not heard from Mrs. Leadbetter, and I get news from time to time by writing to the doctor.

We had no idea that Mrs. Leadbetter did not go on writing to your father, and it seems so unkind that Maggie should be fretting for news of you all, and that no one did anything about it.

Fortunately the Official Solicitor has a "visitor" who apparently sees that his "clients" are all right, and the enclosed letter will show you that it was through him that we got information, and Marjie wrote at once to you. What I now suggest is that your father should write to Maggie, giving family news and mentioning you all by name, and that this letter should be read to her whenever she asks about you.

Although Margaret Herriot never met any of her brother's children in Australia she obviously felt quite close to Thelma with whom she kept up a regular correspondence.

August 29th 1934 from "Enderby", St. Valerie Road, Worthing.

Thank you so much for your letter with photos enclosed of yourself and your future husband. I like them both very much. I have shown them to 2 or 3 people - they all think there is a look of me in yours. I do not see it myself and now I am wondering when the marriage is to be and where you will settle finally. Perhaps you may scarcely know yet. But wherever it may be I hope you may both have a long and very happy life together.

..... I did not leave Hampstead because I was not happy there but simply because in these days when servants are such a difficulty and the keeping up so expensive I thought I would be better in a much smaller house rather than in one of 4 stories and 13 rooms some of them quite large and also Hampstead is quite hilly and cold in the winter and the Dr. thought that now when I was getting so old I ought not to go up hill so much and last winter I was not allowed to go out after 4 in the afternoon as I had 2 or 3 bad colds. This is very flat - no hills at all and the sunniest place in the British Isles and near London so I can go up for the day when I like or even to stay for a few days. I hope to go in September in about a fortnight's time. It is said that so many invalids come here to die and they don't all do what is expected of them!! You will have a gay time I suppose it will be your early spring when the Duke of Gloucester is with you. I am sending you a photo of a miniature of my mother's grandmother. She died when she was only about 30 or 31, having I think 7 children. (Ann Hollings who was born in 1763 and died in 1792)..... I have got some very interesting

pedigrees of mother's family and also of my own Herriot and Stuart family that I must let you and your brother Stuart have some time.

June 6th 1935 from "Enderby"

It is a long time since I last heard from you and since I have written but I have had a very bad winter in many ways. Had to have the doctor etc. and was very short of money for dividends were coming in very badly and living in a new place I could not get on without paying cash for everything. I am really hoping the worst is over now and in any case I shall not have the expense of removal and of partly furnishing this - carpets curtains etc. etc. I hope you have all been getting along comfortably and have kept well. I was much pleased to hear about Maggie (Madge Jamison) having a second little girl tho' probably the parents would have preferred a son. The latter, sons, do seem to get a better welcome into the world than our sex..... I listened to the wireless on the Jubilee day and heard Sydney calling and thought of you all.

It has been a wonderful time altogether and the tremendous outburst of affection shown everywhere for the King and Queen must have been a revelation to them. The weather was so beautiful too and no accidents or disturbances anywhere. We must consider ourselves to be a wonderful people much more so than any other that ever existed!! Rome even not in it.

March 20th 1936

Just a few lines with these very voluminous pedigrees which if none of you are interested in you can destroy. I am very sorry that I have not been able to do more in connection with them but my sight is very bad nowadays but I did manage all those in the flat green book some years ago. Your Father might possibly interested in some of the Scotch ones!

I am sending all these to you dear because I feel I know you so much better than any other members of the family. You do write to me always such nice letters and I was so pleased with the one my new nephew wrote. I have got your photos so nicely framed in a conspicuous place in the Drawing Room and I often look at them.

June 11th 1937 from 1 Lancaster House, Worthing - written to Gordon

My Dear "Nephew", (Thelma's husband Gordon Beatty)

I wonder whether I have yet given you my new address to this flat to which we moved a few weeks ago and which we really like very much. Only 3 rooms but all large kitchen bathroom and all very complete and all on the ground floor. My nice maid who has been with me for twelve years finds the work now that she is 70 very much less. I fear all these details of domestic life cannot be of much interest to you!.....I have scarcely been able to write to anyone ever since the new year when I had a serious illness due I must think partly to old age (I am 83 now) the Doctor said it was severe nervous exhaustion and kept me in bed for many weeks and since then I have had one or two more attacks though less severe the last almost a month ago another fortnight in bed it is all rather unsatisfactory but the Doctor said (underlined) to me the last time just before he went to a fortnights holiday in Scotland "You are most astonishingly healthy" 3 times in succession and I think we may all think we have been so (excepting perhaps my sister Ethel) and it is a precious heritage. I hope you and Thelma and your little son are all well. What is the son's Christian name?

Of course I saw nothing at all of the Coronation (just the Worthing street decorations) but heard all the speeches on the wireless better probably than if we had been in the Abbey or elsewhere and I expect you in Australia also heard a great deal. The wireless is the most marvellous and almost most mysterious "discovery" of modern times. I must not say more but with my love to you all I remain, Your unknown Aunt.

These letters and those from other people written after she became too ill to write any more do provide an insight into the life and times of Margaret Stuart Herriot in her latter years. Although her records were invaluable for future generations they also show how easy it is to make the mistake of "forgetting" to write about ones own generation because we know about ourselves. This can so easily leave a big "hole" in the family history and it is rather sad to think that all the knowledge Maggie had of her own generation was lost along with the pictures she mentioned.

The 1881 British Census of The Greater London Region places a Margaret Herriot who was listed as a student, as a boarder in an establishment at No. 4 & 5 Brunswick Square, St. Pancras, London. This boarding house was run by Elizabeth Malone who was the widow of a naval officer and at the time of the census there was also a cook, 2 housemaids, 1 parlour maid, 1 kitchen maid, 2 music students, 13 art students, 2 kindergarten students and one other person apart from Margaret Herriot, listed as a student in residence there. This Margaret Herriot was 27 years old and born in Edinburgh, Scotland so her year of birth is the same as Margaret Stuart Herriot and she could well have been born in Edinburgh.

Could this explain the presence of a signed print of a cottage painting by the Victorian artist Helen Allingham in Margaret Herriot's box of pedigrees and charts. Although Helen Paterson was not the name of any of the art students boarding at 4 & 5 Brunswick Square at that time it is possible Margaret Stuart Herriot may have formed an association with the artists community if she was the student boarder listed in the census. Joan Beatty (Craymer) had the print framed in the 1980's. "Maggie" Herriot lived at Hampstead for some time and may have known the artist.

Notes on Helen Allingham from "The Happy England of Helen Allingham" 1903 by Marcus B. Huist tell:- *She was born near Burton on Trent and was the daughter of Dr. Paterson. She studied at Birmingham School of Design and in 1867 went to the Royal Academy Schools. In 1874 Helen married the Irish poet William Allingham. In 1881 they moved to Witley. Most of her pictures were painted in Kent and Surrey. She and Birket Foster made Witley a centre for artists inspired by cottage themes. Helen started as an illustrator for the "Graphic" and "Cornhill" magazines. She and fellow illustrator Kate Greenaway lived in Hampstead and went on painting excursions together.*
I wonder?

- 138 M ii. **John HERRIOT** was born about 1855 in India or Scotland. John married **Marian GRAY** about 1875. Marian was born about 1850.
- + 139 M iii. **Robert Frank HERRIOT** was born on 27 Mar 1857. He died on 24 Aug 1945.
- 140 M iv. **Stuart HERRIOT M.B.C.M.** was born in 1858 in Probably Scotland.
- 141 Fv. **Ethel Mary HERRIOT** was born about 1860 in Probably Scotland. She died on 9 Feb 1925 in Probably Scotland.

Ethel married **John Randolph HAMILTON** in 1882 in New York, USA. John was born about 1860.

Margaret Stuart Herriot wrote that John Randolph Hamilton was one of the people who signed the American Declaration of Independence.

97. **William Broadribb RANDALL** (Edward Mayor RANDALL, Sarah MAYOR, Thomas, John, John) was born³⁵⁸ about 1812.

William married³⁵⁹ **Mary COLLARD** about 1840. Mary was born³⁶⁰ about 1815.

Mary Collard was the daughter of a Lawyer. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Book.

William and Mary had the following children:

- 142 M i. **Edward C. RANDALL** was born³⁶¹ about 1841.
- 143 M ii. **Frank RANDALL** was born³⁶² about 1843.
- 144 M iii. **Percy Mayor RANDALL** was born³⁶³ about 1845.
- 145 M iv. **Ernest RANDALL** was born³⁶⁴ about 1846.
- 146 M v. **Alexander RANDALL** was born³⁶⁵ about 1848.

Seventh Generation

108. **Thomas Frederick MAYOR**³⁶⁶ (Thomas Martin, Thomas, John, Thomas, John, John) was born³⁶⁷ in 1850.

He had the following children:

- 147 Fi. **Harriet MAYOR**³⁶⁸ was born³⁶⁹ in 1885. She died³⁷⁰ in 1898.
- 148 Fii. **Charlotte MAYOR**³⁷¹ was born³⁷² in 1887.
- 149 M iii. **Harry Mortimer MAYOR**³⁷³ was born³⁷⁴ in 1891.
- 150 M iv. **George Milton MAYOR**³⁷⁵ was born³⁷⁶ in 1891.
- 151 M v. **Dossiter MAYOR**³⁷⁷ was born³⁷⁸ in 1896.
- 152 vi. **Twin MAYOR**³⁷⁹ was born³⁸⁰ in 1896. Twin died in 1896.

112. **Charles Archibald JULIUS**³⁸¹ (Charlotte MAYOR, Joseph, John, Thomas, John, John) was born³⁸² on 29 Jul 1849 in , , England.

Charles married³⁸⁴ **Catherine Georgina Collet HAMPTON**³⁸³ in 1871. Catherine was born about 1850.

Margaret Stuart Herriot's notes call Charles Julius's wife Catherine Georgina Collet Hampton of Queensland and say she is a descendant of Dean Collet's family.

Charles and Catherine had the following children:

- 153 M i. **Reginald Hampton JULIUS**³⁸⁵ was born³⁸⁶ in 1874.
Reginald married³⁸⁷ **Minnie GATAERE** on 22 Apr 1905. Minnie was born³⁸⁸ about 1880.
- 154 Fii. **Enid Blanche JULIUS**³⁸⁹ was born³⁹⁰ in 1876.
- 155 Fiii. **Evangeline Mayor JULIUS**³⁹¹ was born³⁹² in 1878.
- 156 Fiv. **Muriel Edith JULIUS**³⁹³ was born³⁹⁴ in 1880.

113. **Alfred Henry JULIUS**³⁹⁵ (Charlotte MAYOR, Joseph, John, Thomas, John, John) was born³⁹⁶ on 25 May 1852 in Myland Rectory, , England.

Alfred married (1) **Louisa HOLT**³⁹⁷ about 1875. Louisa was born about 1855.

They had the following children:

- 157 Fi. **Elsie Muriel JULIUS**³⁹⁸ was born³⁹⁹ in 1882.
- 158 Fii. **Kathleen Mary JULIUS**⁴⁰⁰ was born⁴⁰¹ about 1883.
- 159 M iii. **Percival Eric JULIUS**⁴⁰² was born⁴⁰³ about 1885.

Alfred married (2) **Unknown** about 1886. Unknown was born about 1860.

They had the following children:

- 160 Fiv. **Ethel Florence JULIUS**⁴⁰⁴ was born⁴⁰⁵ in 1887.
- 161 Fv. **Edith Constance JULIUS**⁴⁰⁶ was born⁴⁰⁷ in 1889.
- 162 Fvi. **Marjorie Winifred JULIUS**⁴⁰⁸ was born in 1898.

114. **Arthur Cooper JULIUS**⁴⁰⁹ (Charlotte MAYOR, Joseph, John, Thomas, John, John) was born⁴¹⁰ on 13 Dec 1854 in , , England. He died⁴¹¹ in 1893.

Arthur married **Alice BROWN**⁴¹² about 1877. Alice was born about 1855.

They had the following children:

- 163 Fi. **Margaret JULIUS** ⁴¹³ was born about 1878.
- 164 Fii. **Madeline JULIUS** ⁴¹⁴ was born about 1880.
- 165 Fiii. **Eleanor JULIUS** ⁴¹⁵ was born about 1882.
- 166 M iv. **Archibald JULIUS** ⁴¹⁶ was born about 1884.
- 167 Fv. **Isabel JULIUS** ⁴¹⁷ was born about 1886.
- 168 M vi. **John JULIUS** ⁴¹⁸ was born about 1888.

115. **Stanford Percy JULIUS** ⁴¹⁹ (Charlotte MAYOR, Joseph, John, Thomas, John, John) was born⁴²⁰ on 11 Nov 1856 in Southery Rectory, , England.

Stanford Percy Julius and his second wife Mary had a son and a daughter. Margaret Stuart Herriot.

Stanford married⁴²¹ (1) **Christina UNKNOWN** about 1880. Christina was born⁴²² about 1858.

They had the following children:

- 169 Fi. **Charlotte Mayor JULIUS** was born⁴²³ about 1881.
Charlotte married⁴²⁴ **Benjamin BIDDLE** in 1905. Benjamin was born⁴²⁵ about 1880.
- 170 Fii. **Evelyn JULIUS** was born⁴²⁶ about 1883.
- 171 M iii. **Lionel JULIUS** was born⁴²⁷ about 1884.
- 172 M iv. **Sydney JULIUS** was born⁴²⁸ about 1886.
- 173 Fv. **Ruby JULIUS** was born⁴²⁹ about 1887.

Stanford married⁴³⁰ (2) **Mary UNKNOWN** about 1890. Mary was born⁴³¹ about 1860.

116. **Fanny Maria JULIUS** ⁴³² (Charlotte MAYOR, Joseph, John, Thomas, John, John) was born⁴³³ on 2 May 1860 in S.Collingham, , England.

Fanny married⁴³⁵ **Charles P. HULL** ⁴³⁴ about 1879. Charles was born⁴³⁶ about 1858.

They had the following children:

- 174 M i. **Trevor Julius Dawson HULL** was born⁴³⁷ in 1880.
- 175 Fii. **Winifred Grace Alicia HULL** was born⁴³⁸ in 1881.

176 M iii. **Leonard Stewart Benson HULL** was born⁴³⁹ in 1882.

177 Fiv. **Milicent Mary Blanche HULL** was born⁴⁴⁰ in 1884.

Milicent Hull and Captain Roberts had a daughter called Margaret Frederica who was born on 17th May 1904 and died in August 1905. Margaret Stuart Herriot.

Milicent married⁴⁴¹ **Captain Archibald ROBERTS** on 24 Sep 1902. Archibald was born⁴⁴² about 1880.

178 Fv. **Evelyn Fanny Charlotte HULL** was born⁴⁴³ in 1887.

179 M vi. **Hubert Charles Edward HULL** was born⁴⁴⁴ in 1892.

180 Fvii. **Isabel Julia HULL** was born⁴⁴⁵ in 1893.

181 M viii. **Charles John Leslie HULL** was born⁴⁴⁶ in Aug 1897.

117. **Blanche JULIUS**⁴⁴⁷ (Charlotte MAYOR, Joseph, John, Thomas, John, John) was born⁴⁴⁸ about 1861 in , , England.

Blanche married **Thompson John THOMPSON**⁴⁴⁹ about 1880. Thompson was born⁴⁵⁰ about 1860.

They had the following children:

182 Fi. **Blanche Iris THOMPSON** was born⁴⁵¹ in 1894.

183 Fii. **Joan Mary THOMPSON** was born⁴⁵² in 1896.

184 Fiii. **Norah Julius THOMPSON** was born⁴⁵³ in Jun 1898. She died⁴⁵⁴ in Sep 1898.

118. **Lucy Adelaide JULIUS**⁴⁵⁵ (Charlotte MAYOR, Joseph, John, Thomas, John, John) was born⁴⁵⁶ on 19 Feb 1864 in Southery, Norfolk , England. She died⁴⁵⁷ on 30 Jan 1936 in Hatch End, Middlesex, England. She was buried⁴⁵⁸ in Old Hunstanton, Norfolk, England.

Lucy Adelaide Julius was the daughter, grand daughter and great grand daughter of ordained ministers. Her grandmother Charlotte Pratt was also a minister's daughter. Margaret Stuart Herriot's books and notes. She married John Clark after he divorced his first wife who had run off with John's younger brother.

At the time of 1881 British Census Lucy Julius was a 17 year old scholar living in the Rectory at Southery, Norfolk with her parents and her 22 year old sister Blanche and four servants.

By the time of the 1891 British Census Lucy Julius was living at Southampton Lodge, Friern, Middlesex with her husband John Clark, two children from his first marriage, and their one year old son Ivan. Lucy's father Archibald Julius was also staying with them but was probably visiting because his

occupation was still "Rector of Southery". The family had four servants.

By 1901 John and Lucy were living at 55 Lancaster Gate, Paddington, London. Helen aged 23 and Stanley aged 22 who were both children of John's first marriage were living with them, along with 9 year old Archibald, 8 year old Malcolm and 4 year old Percival. Ivan who would have been 12 years old was not there at the time of the Census - he could perhaps been away at boarding school. John must have been doing very well - the family now had eight servants.

Grant of Administration: 17 Mar 1936, London, England

Effects: £11080 11s 0d. Resworn: £10795 14s 4d.

Lucy lived about three months after Jack died and they are both buried beside the south porch of St Mary the Virgin Church in Old Hunstanton; the inscription on their gravestone reads:-

In Memory of John Lockie Clark_died 23rd October 1935

Also of Lucy Adelaide Clark died 30th January 1936

"till the dawn break"

<http://myspace.virgin.net/john.green6/ClarkNET/D5.htm#i32>

Lucy married⁴⁶⁰ **John CLARK**⁴⁵⁹ on 9 Aug 1888 in Southery, Norfolk, England. John was born^{461,462} on 6 Jan 1852 in Sunderland, Durham, England. He died⁴⁶³ on 23 Oct 1935 in Hunstanton, Norfolk, England. He was buried⁴⁶⁴ on 26 Oct 1935 in Old Hunstanton, Norfolk, England.

John Lockie "Jack" Clark was born on 6th January 1852 in Monkwearworth, County Durham. He divorced his first wife Margaret Jane Thompson after she ran off with John's younger brother Frederick causing a huge family scandal for both the Clark and Thompson families. There were four children of this marriage.

At the time of this first marriage he was described as a Bachelor, Merchant of Hempstead, London whose father was George Clark, an Engineer. Upon the death of his father in 1883 John took over the management of the family shipping business. Internet: <http://members.cox.net/ghgraham/index.html>

After divorcing Margaret Thompson in January 1885, John Clark married Lucy Adelaide Julius who was the daughter, grand daughter and great grand daughter of ordained ministers. Her grandmother Charlotte Pratt was also a minister's daughter. Margaret Stuart Herriot's books and notes.

John's death notice says that he died on 23rd October 1935 at Homefields, Hunstanton, Norfolk. Probate on his Will was granted on 20th November 1935 in London. His effects amounted to £317,283 18s 5d.

3. Obituary: 1 Nov 1935, Kings Lynn 179 <Sources.htm>. HUNSTANTON __THE LATE MR. J. L. CLARK.

— the death occurred at his residence, "Homefields" on the 23rd ult., of Mr. John Lockie Clark, aged 83 years. He was the son of Mr. George Clark, of Sunderland, founder of George Clark, Ltd., the Southwick engine-works firm. At the age of 20 he joined the shipping firm Culliford and Clark, a business founded over 100 years ago., and subsequently became a partner. He was well known in shipping circles, and was one of the pioneers of tramp steamer brokerage. He early saw the great possibilities of the pleasure cruise industry, and was responsible for the first venture in that direction. He purchased the s.s. Ceylon in 1881 which, after being specially fitted out, took 100 passengers for a cruise round the world. His firm owned the first ships that brought full cargoes of wheat from the Plate and cotton from the Gulf. He had offices in London, Sunderland, Newcastle, Glasgow and Liverpool, and in one season had 100 steamers engaged in the cotton-carrying trade. This was easily a "record" for this branch of business. These were but a few of his pioneering feats in the shipping world. __He at one time resided at Oakleigh Park, Friern Barnet, and later for 17 years at The Elms, Watford, before going to live permanently at Hunstanton. — Probably Mr. Clark will be best remembered for his activities in the world of sport, of which he was a veritable Admirable Crichton. He participated in and supported practically every form of outdoor entertainment. He was captain of his school cricket XI., and became a very keen and efficient boxer. He was a prominent member of the Belsize boxing club. Although he never rode regularly to

hounds, he was a very fine rider and a splendid judge of horses, and always broke his own mounts in. As a golfer, when over the age of 60, he held the amateur records for two courses — Hunstanton and West Herts, Cassiobury Park. He was one of the founders of the former club, and was captain in 1897. He won the captain's prize when over 70, and played regularly until he was 82. In a recent article written by Bernard Darwin and published in "Golf Illustrated" he was referred to as the Grand Old Man of golf. An enthusiastic motorist since motoring's earliest days, he owned a car in 1898 and was a contemporary member of the original Automobile Club with the Hon. C. S. Rolls., F. S. Edge and C. Jarrot. Shooting, swimming, diving and skating also found in him an active and skilful exponent. Greatly interested in photography from the time of the wet-plate, he later specialised in stereoscopic work, and had the first reflex camera constructed to his own design by Adams. He travelled extensively in his earlier days and visited most countries of the world. He became an excellent linguist and spoke French fluently. He was of an extremely kind and generous nature, and his courtesy and consideration to others endeared him to a wide circle of friends. A quiet benefactor to innumerable charities he was never known to refuse assistance to a deserving cause. During his residence in Hunstanton, football, tennis, cricket, the kennel society, music, and all social activities found in him a ready and liberal patron. Mr. Clark is survived by a widow (the daughter of the late Rev. A. E. Julius, a former rector of Southery), four sons and two daughters. His eldest son died in 1918. ___The funeral of Mr. Clark took place at St. Mary's church, Old Hunstanton, on Saturday. The service was taken by the Rev. Douglas Smith, assisted by the Rev. H. F. Rushmer (vicar of Thornham). Mr. F. J. Bond was at the organ and a full choir was in attendance. As the mourners entered the church Chopin's Funeral March was played followed by "O for the wings of a dove." After a short service, Psalm xxiii. was chanted and "Abide with me" was sung. At the close the organist played the Nunc Dimittis. The immediate mourners were: the widow, sons and daughters, sons-in-law and daughters-in-law, other near relatives, members of the Homefield's staff, and some intimate personal friends. Others present included[then follows a long list of names]. The interment took place close to the south porch of the church, and the grave was lined with evergreens and dahlias. There were over fifty wreaths.

<http://myspace.virgin.net/john.green6/ClarkNET/D5.htm#i32>

John and Lucy had the following children:

- 185 M i. **Ivan Julius CLARK** was born⁴⁶⁵ on 28 Jun 1889 in Oakleigh Park, Middlesex, England. He was christened⁴⁶⁶ on 6 Jun 1891 in Friern Barnet, Middlesex, England.
Ivan married **Elsa GUNTHER** about 1912. Elsa was born⁴⁶⁷ about 1890.
- 186 M ii. **Archibald Cowper CLARK** was born⁴⁶⁸ on 9 May 1891 in Oakleigh Park, Middlesex, England. He was christened⁴⁶⁹ on 6 Jun 1891 in Friern Barnet, Middlesex, England.
Archibald married **Dorothy Francis WEST** about 1916. Dorothy was born⁴⁷⁰ about 1892.
- 187 M iii. **Malcolm CLARK** was born⁴⁷¹ on 17 Dec 1892 in Oakleigh Park, Middlesex, England. He was christened⁴⁷² on 23 Jan 1893 in Friern Barnet, Middlesex, England.
Malcolm married⁴⁷³ **Elizabeth Christabel PATTRICK** about 1918. Elizabeth was born⁴⁷⁴ about 1894.
- 188 M iv. **Percival George CLARK** was born⁴⁷⁵ on 11 Apr 1896 in Oakleigh Park, Middlesex, England. He was christened⁴⁷⁶ on 18 May 1896 in Friern Barnet, Middlesex, England.
Percival married⁴⁷⁷ **Lilian Gertrude HAZLEDINE** about 1922. Lilian was born⁴⁷⁸ about 1898.

120. **George Sydenham CLARKE** (Maria Frances MAYOR, Joseph, John, Thomas, John, John) was born⁴⁷⁹ on 4 Jul 1848. He died⁴⁸⁰ in 1933.

George married⁴⁸¹ (1) **Caroline Emily FELLOWES** on 1 Jun 1871 in Alverstoke, Hants, England. Caroline was born⁴⁸² in 1849. She died⁴⁸³ in 1908.

Caroline was probably known as Emily as indicated by Margaret Stuart Herriot's books and notes. She was the daughter of Col. Peregrine Henry Fellowes.

George and Caroline had the following children:

189 **Fi. Violet CLARKE** was born⁴⁸⁴ on 26 May 1878. She died⁴⁸⁵ in 1908.

George married (2) **Mrs REYNOLDS** on 5 Nov 1910. Mrs was born⁴⁸⁶ about 1855.

121. **Frederick Sydenham CLARKE** (Maria Frances MAYOR, Joseph, John, Thomas, John, John) was born⁴⁸⁷ on 9 Dec 1850.

Frederick married⁴⁸⁸ **Anne CHRISTIAN** about 1875. Anne was born⁴⁸⁹ about 1852.

They had the following children:

190 **Fi. Ethel Frances CLARKE** was born⁴⁹⁰ on 26 Mar 1877.
Ethel married⁴⁹¹ **W.S. THOMPSON** about 1900. W.S. was born⁴⁹² about 1885.

191 **Fii. Bertha CLARKE** was born⁴⁹³ on 22 Dec 1881.

192 **Fiii. Lilian CLARKE** was born⁴⁹⁴ on 2 Aug 1884.
Lilian married⁴⁹⁵ **Mr. DALTON** on 28 Apr 1910. Mr. was born⁴⁹⁶ about 1880.

122. **Frances Maria CLARKE** (Maria Frances MAYOR, Joseph, John, Thomas, John, John) was born⁴⁹⁷ on 18 Jan 1852.

Frances married⁴⁹⁸ **Rev. Edward GREGG** on 1 Apr 1880. Edward was born⁴⁹⁹ about 1850.

They had the following children:

193 **Fi. Heather Frances GREGG** was born⁵⁰⁰ in 1881.
Heather married⁵⁰¹ **Lieut. Alexander Edward Dimsdale MASTERMAN** on 13 Aug 1904. Alexander was born⁵⁰² about 1878.

194 **M ii. Basil Edward Pease GREGG** was born⁵⁰³ in 1885.

195 Fiii. **Mary Jessie GREGG** was born⁵⁰⁴ on 5 May 1889.

125. **Catherine Charlotte CLARKE** (Maria Frances MAYOR, Joseph, John, Thomas, John, John) was born on 21 Aug 1855.

Catherine married⁵⁰⁵ **Thomas Frank CHARLTON** on 27 Apr 1886. Thomas was born⁵⁰⁶ about 1850.

They had the following children:

196 Fi. **Doris Editha CHARLTON** was born⁵⁰⁷ on 13 Mar 1887.

197 Fii. **Kathleen Mary CHARLTON** was born⁵⁰⁸ on 29 Jul 1890.

198 Fiii. **Nancy Edith CHARLTON** was born⁵⁰⁹ in 1895.

126. **Walter Sydenham CLARKE** (Maria Frances MAYOR, Joseph, John, Thomas, John, John) was born⁵¹⁰ on 27 Nov 1856.

The Rand Ancestry Internet Site: <<http://www.kittybrewster.com/ancestry/rand.htm>>mentions a Walter Sydenham Clark that was born in August 1855 and died in Swinderby on 16th September 1855 and suggests that another child of the family was subsequently given the same name. However Walter's sister Catherine Charlotte was born in August 1855 and his sister Mary Adelaide Clark was born just 11 months after Walter. According to Margaret Stuart Herriot there is only one Walter who grew up and married and had a child called Harold Arckwright who died at the age 13 months on 31 August 1898.

Walter married⁵¹¹ **Janet ARCKWRIGHT** in 1894. Janet was born⁵¹² about 1858.

They had the following children:

199 M i. **Harold Arckwright CLARKE** was born⁵¹³ in 1897. He died⁵¹⁴ on 31 Aug 1898.

127. **Mary Adelaide CLARKE** (Maria Frances MAYOR, Joseph, John, Thomas, John, John) was born⁵¹⁵ on 31 Oct 1857.

Mary married⁵¹⁶ **Henry MACKENZIE** about 1880. Henry was born⁵¹⁷ about 1855.

Henry and Mary had the following children:

200 Fi. **Mary Liliias MACKENZIE** was born⁵¹⁸ about 1881.

201 M ii. **Roderick Henry MACKENZIE** was born⁵¹⁹ about 1882.

128. **Percy Sydenham CLARKE** (Maria Frances MAYOR, Joseph, John, Thomas, John, John) was born⁵²⁰ about 1859.

Percy married⁵²¹ **Kate UNKNOWN** about 1884. Kate was born⁵²² about 1860.

They had the following children:

- 202 Fi. **Edith Madeline CLARKE** was born⁵²³ about 1885.
- 203 M ii. **Alfred Edgar CLARKE** was born⁵²⁴ about 1886.
- 204 Fiii. **Mabel Eleana CLARKE** was born⁵²⁵ about 1887.
- 205 Fiv. **Katie Harriet CLARKE** was born⁵²⁶ about 1888.
- 206 Fv. **Gertrude CLARKE** was born⁵²⁷ about 1889.
- 207 Fvi. **Jessie Mildred CLARKE** was born⁵²⁸ about 1890.
- 208 Fvii. **Elsie Laura CLARKE** was born⁵²⁹ about 1891.

129. **Ellen CLARKE** (Maria Frances MAYOR, Joseph, John, Thomas, John, John) was born⁵³⁰ about 1861.

Ellen married⁵³¹ **Richard SIMPSON** about 1883. Richard was born⁵³² about 1858.

They had the following children:

- 209 Fi. **Vera Rosalie SIMPSON** was born⁵³³ about 1884.
- 210 M ii. **Allan SIMPSON** was born⁵³⁴ about 1886.

133. **Robert John Grote MAYOR** (Joseph Bickersteth, Robert, John, Thomas, John, John) was born⁵³⁵ in Aug 1869 in St. Margaret's, Twickenham.

Robert John Grote Mayor and Beatrice Meirhertzagen were married at St. Lukes Parish Church, Chelsea.

Robert married⁵³⁶ **Mrs. Robert Mayor Beatrice MEIRHERTZHAGEN** on 14 Dec 1912 in Chelsea, , England.

They had the following children:

- 211 Fi. **Susan Beatrice MAYOR** was born⁵³⁷ on 5 Sep 1914.
- 212 Fii. **Teresa Georgina MAYOR** was born⁵³⁸ on 10 Sep 1915.
- 213 iii. **Andreas MAYOR** was born⁵³⁹ on 24 May 1918.

139. **Robert Frank HERRIOT** (Margaret Ann LOWE, Mary MAYOR, John, Thomas, John, John) was born on 27 Mar 1857 in Berswick on Tweed, , Scotland. He died on 24 Aug 1945 in Sydney, NSW, Aust.. He was buried⁵⁴⁰ in Rookwood Crematorium, Niche 159

R.R. NSW,
Australia.

Robert Frank Herriot was born on 27th March 1857 and educated at a school in England called "Dollar". While there he played in the cricket eleven. As a young man he travelled extensively, first to Western Australia, next to New Zealand, and on his third trip he came to Sydney where he met a young woman seventeen years his junior.

Her name was Clara Gilbert and she and Robert Herriot married at Newtown NSW on 21 October 1896. On the marriage certificate the groom was described as:- Robert Frank Herriot of Chippendale, Hotel Keeper, born in Scotland, aged 36, son of John Herriot - Linen Merchant and Margaret Lowe. The bride was described as:- Clara Gilbert of Newtown, Spinster, Private Life, born in Rydal, aged 22, daughter of Andrew Gilbert - Blacksmith and Mary Long.

Having led the life of a gentleman Robert found it was difficult for him to settle down and earn a living. He first ran a hotel at Darlington, Sydney, and later he was the Licensee of the Railway Hotel at Auburn which has since been demolished. He was there for a few years at the very beginning of the 20th Century and seems not to have been very successful as a hotel keeper.

His next venture was a poultry farm in the Bankstown area where he again lost money. He did not have any knowledge of poultry farming and he was unfortunate to strike a severe drought. Afterwards he joined the Railway Department where he worked until he retired. His daughter Thelma said he also lost money by investing in a gold mine in New Zealand, which proved to be a hoax.

Robert was always a perfect gentleman and he spoke with a very broad Scottish accent and had piercing blue eyes. He always spoilt his wife Clara himself and expected all his children to do perhaps more than their fair share of the chores to help her.

He was a very stern, austere father, and although not a particularly religious man he insisted on strict Sunday Observance. On Sunday you were definitely not allowed to knit or sew - even if a button fell of the dress you planned to wear to Church as you were getting dressed you would have to find something else to wear! Whistling was another of the things not allowed on Sunday.

It was a joke among Thelma's children when she thought they were not showing due respect to their parents or elders. She would always say, "My father would have knocked me down if I had spoken to him like that." It reached the stage where her children would all chorus the phrase as soon as she began, "My father".

During Robert's years of retirement he was never idle. He grew very good tomatoes and other vegetables and was very interested in his Black Orpington fowls. Thelma said his fowls and fresh vegetables were a great help to the family during the Great Depression years.

Playing billiards gave him great enjoyment and he would walk to Auburn most afternoons, rain, hail or shine to play - or just to have a chat with some of his friends. He always kept his love for the game of cricket and played for many years. After he gave up playing he became an umpire for Church Cricket Clubs and he continued to do this until his eyesight began to fail.

Robert Herriot died at the age of 88 on the 24th August 1945.

This information was the result of extensive "grilling" of Thelma Elsie Herriot by Joan Beatty.

Robert married **Clara GILBERT** daughter of Andrew GILBERT and Mary Anne LONG on 21 Oct 1896 in Newtown, Sydney, NSW, Australia. Clara was born on 26 May 1874 in Rydal, NSW, Australia. She died on 29 Jul 1954 in Auburn, NSW, Australia. She was buried in Rookwood Crematorium.

Robert and Clara had the following children:

- 214 M i. **Robert HERRIOT** was born⁵⁴¹ on 1 Oct 1897. He died⁵⁴² on 3 Oct 1897.
- + 215 M ii. **Stuart Gilbert HERRIOT** was born on 22 Aug 1898. He died on 18 Feb 1978.
- + 216 Fiii. **Ethel Clara HERRIOT** was born on 1 Sep 1900. She died on 7 May 1985.
- + 217 Fiv. **Margaret HERRIOT** was born on 26 Oct 1901.
- + 218 Fv. **Thelma Elsie HERRIOT** was born on 14 Jul 1907. She died on 16 Jun 1986.

Eighth Generation

215. **Stuart Gilbert HERRIOT** (Robert Frank HERRIOT, Margaret Ann LOWE, Mary MAYOR, John, Thomas, John, John) was born on 22 Aug 1898. He died on 18 Feb 1978. He was buried⁵⁴³ in Rookwood Cemetery, Sydney, NSW, Australia.

Stuart married⁵⁴⁴ **Iris Phyllis COLLESS** on 31 Mar 1928 in St. Phillip's C of E, Auburn, NSW, Australia. Iris was born about 1904.

Stuart and Iris had one daughter.

216. **Ethel Clara HERRIOT** (Robert Frank HERRIOT, Margaret Ann LOWE, Mary MAYOR, John, Thomas, John, John) was born on 1 Sep 1900. She died⁵⁴⁵ on 7 May 1985. She was buried⁵⁴⁶ in Rookwood Cemetery, Sydney, NSW, Australia.

Ethel married **Charles Frederick COURT** on 29 Jul 1929. Charles was born on 20 May 1903. He died⁵⁴⁷ on 13 Jun 1978. He was buried⁵⁴⁸ in Rookwood Cemetery, Sydney, NSW, Australia.

They had three sons and one daughter – the oldest son died in infancy.

217. **Margaret HERRIOT** "Madge" (Robert Frank HERRIOT, Margaret Ann LOWE, Mary MAYOR, John, Thomas, John, John) was born on 26 Oct 1901.

Margaret married **David JAMISON** about 1930. David was born about 1900.

David and Margaret had two daughters.

218. **Thelma Elsie HERRIOT** (Robert Frank HERRIOT, Margaret Ann LOWE, Mary MAYOR, John, Thomas, John, John) was born on 14 Jul 1907 in Auburn, NSW, Australia. She was christened on 25 Jun 1925 in St. Philip's, Auburn, NSW, Australia. She died on 16 Jun 1986 in Sydney, NSW, Australia. The cause of death was Stroke. Her ashes were scattered, Marsden Rd, Uniting Church, Carlingford, NSW, Australia.

Thelma married **Rev Gordon Rupert BEATTY** son of Garret Stack BEATTY and Ada Blanche FRAME on 31 Aug 1935 in Auburn, NSW, Australia. Gordon was born on 23 Dec 1909 in Arncliffe, NSW, Australia. He died on 16 Apr 1982 in Sydney, NSW, Australia. His ashes were scattered at sea, Kiama, NSW.

Gordon and Thelma had two sons and one daughter.

+ 228 Fiii. **Joan BEATTY** .

Joan married **Alan CRAYMER**

Appendix A - Sources

1. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11, Joan Craymer, 19 Mobbs Lane, Carlingford NSW, 2118. Sent to Thelma Elsie Herriot by Margaret Stuart Herriot. Estimated Birth Date.
2. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.

3. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
4. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.Estimated Birth Date.
5. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
6. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
7. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.The Chart says - Living in 1743, Died ? 1755.
8. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
9. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.Estimated Birth Date.
10. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
11. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
12. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
13. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
14. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
15. Federation of Family History Societies, National Burial Index for England & Wales.
16. Federation of Family History Societies, National Burial Index for England & Wales.From Parish Register - Presented by Shropshire Family History Society - age at death in 1818 was 64 making probable birth date 1754.
17. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes, Joan Craymer, 19 Mobbs Lane, Carlingford NSW, 2118.
18. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.Also found in National Burial Index for England & Wales - Parish Register provided by Shropshire Family History Society.
19. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
20. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
21. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
22. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
23. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
24. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.The name could perhaps be Mary Tabor.
25. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.Margaret Stuart Herriot's Book seems to indicate that Mary Tabor died in 1758, although the Pedigree chart which just calls Joseph Mayor's wife Mary, quite clearly shows her death on 19th February 1813.
26. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
27. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
28. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.The death date of James Esdaile's wife called only "Daughter" of John MAYOR and Mary DAVIS in Margaret Stuart Herriot's Book is given as before 1791.
29. John Easdale, The Esdaile Family Name.Sent by John Easdale via email from his book to Joan Craymer.
30. John Easdale, The Esdaile Family Name.
31. John Easdale, The Esdaile Family Name.
32. John Easdale, The Esdaile Family Name.
33. John Easdale, The Esdaile Family Name.
34. John Easdale, The Esdaile Family Name.
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36. John Easdale, The Esdaile Family Name.
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67. John Easdale, The Esdaile Family Name.
68. John Easdale, The Esdaile Family Name.
69. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
70. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
71. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11. Margaret Stuart Herriot's notes give his death date as 11th March.
72. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
73. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
74. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
75. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
76. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
77. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
78. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
79. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
80. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
81. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
82. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
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84. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
85. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
86. Federation of Family History Societies, National Burial Index for England & Wales.
87. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
88. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
89. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
90. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
91. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
92. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
93. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
94. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
95. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
96. International Genealogical Index.
97. International Genealogical Index.
98. International Genealogical Index, 1260940 Patron Submitted.
99. International Genealogical Index.
100. International Genealogical Index.
101. International Genealogical Index, AFN138H-DDN.
102. International Genealogical Index, AFN:138H-DDN. Called Marianne in IGI.
103. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
104. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Birth Date.
105. International Genealogical Index, AFN:MWS5D-55.
106. 1881 British Census,.
107. International Genealogical Index, AFN:MW5D-6P.
108. International Genealogical Index.
109. International Genealogical Index, AFN:MW5D-74. Charles Mayor HALL is not mentioned by

Margaret Stuart Herriot.

110. International Genealogical Index.
111. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Emma is not listed in the International Genealogical Index with Joseph Hall and Mary Mayor's other children.
112. International Genealogical Index, AFN:MW5D-CK.
113. International Genealogical Index, AFN:MW5D-CK.
114. International Genealogical Index.
115. International Genealogical Index.
116. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Julia is not mentioned in the IGI as a child of May Mayor and Joseph Hall.
117. International Genealogical Index, AFN:MW59-97.
118. International Genealogical Index.
119. International Genealogical Index, AFN:138H-DG3.Also mentioned in Margaret Stuart Herriot's Book.
120. International Genealogical Index, AFN:138H-DG3.
121. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
122. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Estimated Birth Date.
123. International Genealogical Index, AFN:138H-DH9.
124. International Genealogical Index, AFN:138H-DH9.
125. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
126. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Estimated Birth Date.
127. International Genealogical Index, AFN:MWS5D-BD.Margaret Stuart Herriot's Books and Notes show Elizabeth Hall.
128. International Genealogical Index.
129. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
130. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Estimated Birth Date - argaret Stuart Herriot's notes say Mr. Johnson was a Merchant of Liverpool.
131. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
132. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
133. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
134. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
135. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
136. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
137. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Estimated Birth Date.
138. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Estimated Birth Date.
139. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Estimated Birth Date.
140. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Estimated Birth Date.
141. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Estimated Birth Date.
142. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Estimated Birth Date.
143. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Estimated Birth Date.
144. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
145. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
146. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
147. Pedigree Chart of Mrs. William Randall & Mrs. Edward Randall - Table 11.
148. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Estimated Birth Date.
149. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
150. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Died an Infant.
151. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
152. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Died an Infant.
153. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
154. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
155. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
156. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
157. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Estimated Birth Date.
158. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Died an Infant.
159. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
160. 1881 British Census,.
161. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Estimated Birth Date.
162. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Estimated Birth Date.

222. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
223. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
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238. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
239. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
240. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
241. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Confirmed by 1881 British Census (Ceylon)
FHL Film 1341036 PRO Ref RG11 Piece 0168 Folio 79 Page 2.
242. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
243. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
244. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
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257. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
258. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
259. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Confirmed by 1881 British Census - FHL Film
1341036 PRO Ref RG11 Piece 0168 Folio 79 page 2.
260. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
261. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
262. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
263. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
264. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
265. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
266. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Confirmed by the 1881 British Census.
267. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
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274. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
275. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
276. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
277. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Birth Date.
278. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).

279. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Estimated Birth Date.
280. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Estimated Birth Date.
281. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Estimated Birth Date.
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292. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
293. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
294. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
295. Alan Frame's Information.
296. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
297. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
298. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
299. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
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301. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
302. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
303. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
304. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Birth Place from 1881 British Census.
305. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
306. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
307. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
308. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.This information is confirmed by a website relating to the Thompson Family and shows that the British Census of 1881 also confirms this.
309. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
310. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
311. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
312. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
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323. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
324. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
325. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
326. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Year only from Margaret Stuart Herriot - Actual date from Internet: <<http://www.kittybrewster.com/ancestry/rand.htm>>.
327. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Date of Birth from Internet: <<http://www.kittybrewster.com/ancestry/rand.htm>>.
328. Rand Ancestry, Internet: <<http://www.kittybrewster.com/ancestry/rand.htm>>.
329. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
330. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
331. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
332. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.Estimated Birth Date.
333. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.

393. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
394. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
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400. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
401. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
402. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
403. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
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419. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
420. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
421. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
422. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
423. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
424. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
425. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
426. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
427. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
428. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
429. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
430. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
431. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
432. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
433. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. The year of birth is an estimate (Joan Beatty).
434. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
435. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
436. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
437. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
438. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
439. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
440. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
441. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
442. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
443. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
444. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
445. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
446. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
447. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
448. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
449. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
450. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
451. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.

452. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
453. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
454. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
455. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
456. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. The 1881 British Census confirms that Lucy Adelaide Julius was 17 in 1864 and she was born in Southery, Norfolk.
457. George H. Graham of Tulsa, Oklahoma, USA, Thompson Family Tree, Internet: <http://members.cox.net/ghgraham/index.html>. According to this website Lucy died at Hazelmere, Royston Park Avenue, Hatch End, Middlesex.
458. George H. Graham of Tulsa, Oklahoma, USA, Thompson Family Tree. Buried in St. Mary the Virgin Church.
459. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
460. George H. Graham of Tulsa, Oklahoma, USA, Thompson Family Tree.
461. 1881 British Census.
462. 1891 British Census.
463. George H. Graham of Tulsa, Oklahoma, USA, Thompson Family Tree. Died at Homefields, Hunstanton, Norfolk.
464. George H. Graham of Tulsa, Oklahoma, USA, Thompson Family Tree. Buried in St. Mary the Virgin Church.
465. George H. Graham of Tulsa, Oklahoma, USA, Thompson Family Tree. Margaret Stuart Herriot also gives the birth date as 1889.
466. George H. Graham of Tulsa, Oklahoma, USA, Thompson Family Tree. Christened at All Saints Church, Friern Barnet, Middlesex.
467. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
468. George H. Graham of Tulsa, Oklahoma, USA, Thompson Family Tree. Margaret Stuart Herriot confirms birth date of 1891. The 1901 British Census gives the place of birth as Whetstone, Middlesex.
469. George H. Graham of Tulsa, Oklahoma, USA, Thompson Family Tree. Christened at All Saints Church, Friern Barnet, Middlesex along with his older brother Ivan Julius.
470. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
471. George H. Graham of Tulsa, Oklahoma, USA, Thompson Family Tree. The birth date of 1892 is confirmed by Margaret Stuart Herriot. The 1901 British Census gives the place of birth as Whetstone, Middlesex.
472. George H. Graham of Tulsa, Oklahoma, USA, Thompson Family Tree. Christened at All Saints Church, Friern Barnet, Middlesex.
473. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
474. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
475. George H. Graham of Tulsa, Oklahoma, USA, Thompson Family Tree. The birth date of 1896 is confirmed by Margaret Stuart Herriot. The 1901 British Census gives the place of birth as Whetstone, Middlesex.
476. George H. Graham of Tulsa, Oklahoma, USA, Thompson Family Tree. Christened at All Saints Church, Friern Barnet, Middlesex.
477. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
478. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
479. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Confirmed by Rand Ancestry: <http://www.kittybrewster.com/ancestry/rand.htm>.
480. Rand Ancestry.
481. Rand Ancestry. Year confirmed by Margaret Stuart Herriot's books. She called George's wife Emily Fellowes, not Caroline Emily.
482. Rand Ancestry.
483. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Confirmed by Rand Ancestry: <http://www.kittybrewster.com/ancestry/rand.htm>.
484. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
485. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
486. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Date of Birth is an estimate only.
487. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
488. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
489. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Birth Date.
490. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
491. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).

492. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
493. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
494. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
495. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
496. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
497. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
498. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
499. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Birth Date.
500. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
501. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
502. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Birth Date.
503. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
504. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
505. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
506. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Birth Date.
507. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
508. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
509. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
510. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
511. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
512. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Birth Date.
513. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
514. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
515. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
516. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
517. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Birth Date.
518. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Birth Date.
519. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Birth Date.
520. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Date of Birth.
521. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
522. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Birth Date.
523. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Birth Date.
524. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Birth Date.
525. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Birth Date.
526. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Birth Date.
527. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Birth Date.
528. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Birth Date.
529. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Birth Date.
530. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Birth Date.
531. Estimated date (Joan Beatty).
532. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Birth Date.
533. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Birth Date.
534. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes. Estimated Birth Date.
535. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
536. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
537. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
538. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
539. Margaret Stuart Herriot's Pedigree books and notes.
540. Secretary, Letter from New South Wales Cremation Co. Ltd., 21st September 1945.
541. In Memorium Card.
542. In Memorium Card.
543. Society of Australian Genealogists, Rookwood Cemetery Transcriptions, CD." "Husband of Iris Phyllis Herriot - Dad and Dadda. In memory of a wonderful father." "Section 8, Row 25, Grave 2878, 2879.
544. Wedding Invitation.
545. Society of Australian Genealogists, Rookwood Cemetery Transcriptions.
546. Society of Australian Genealogists, Rookwood Cemetery Transcriptions. Independent Lawn, Section B, Row 5, Grave 289.
547. Society of Australian Genealogists, Rookwood Cemetery Transcriptions.
548. Society of Australian Genealogists, Rookwood Cemetery Transcriptions. Independent Lawn, Section

B, Row 5, Grave 289.